

360° Developer Network-CH

- Introduction
- The vision of the network
- The iPhoneDevDay, Zürich
- Today's topic



Introduction

- Name
- Kind of work
- Expectation



360 Developer Network-CH

Create a network where software professionals can meet and:

- Exchange know how and experiences
- Learn about new stuff
- Be inspired

Topics could be: Java, .Net, Ruby, Spring, Mercurial, Patterns, Lean, Scrum, Erlang, Clojure, iPhone



iPhone Developer, Zürich

Created by Keynode and Trifork who also created:
JAZOON, JAOO, QCon, SpringOne, Ruby Fools



Today's Meeting

- The Feel of Objective-C
- Speaker: Kresten Krab Thorup



More info:

<http://www.iphonedevday.com>



The Feel of Objective-C

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Credits and Thanks to Glenn Vanderburg, Relevance LLC

Objective-C

- Start with C
- Add the Smalltalk object model as a library
- Add a little syntax for
 - Class and method definition
 - Method calls
 - A few object literals

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Bits of History

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simula
SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT



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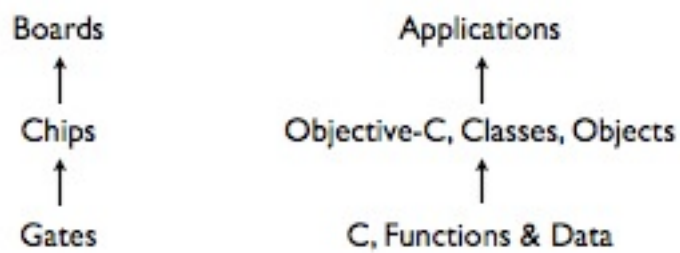


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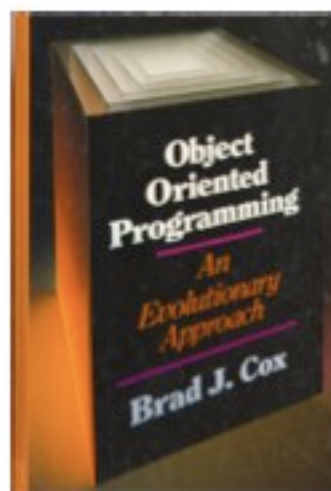
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Brad Cox's Thinking

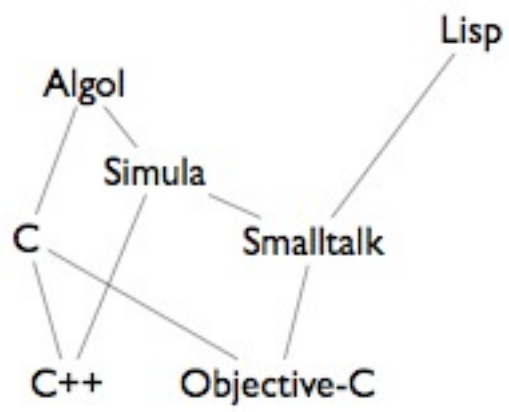


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Objective-C



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The Road Not Taken

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C++

- Carefully infused OO into every part of C
- New syntax integrated into C grammar
- "OO the C way"
 - Efficiency a core concern
 - Compiler does all the work
 - "Don't pay for what you don't use."

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Objective-C

- A mashup of two languages
- Smalltalk grafted onto C
- The boundaries are obvious:
 - Non-C-like syntax in special "zones"
 - Flag characters to mark Objective-C zones
 - In C code, objects are opaque



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C++ vs. Objective-C

- At first glance:
 - C++ a serious effort
 - Objective-C a hack job
- The reality is much different:
 - C++ has serious faults, is widely loathed
 - Objective-C is a useful, pragmatic hack

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Objective-C: The Language

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Calling Methods

Brackets indicate
Objective-C call

`[netService stop]`

Variable containing
target object

Message selector

Java equivalent:
`netService.stop()`

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Methods With Arguments

```
[serviceNameField setEnabled:YES]
```

```
[in_stream read:readBuffer maxLength:4096]
```

(Yes, that method name is “read:maxLength:”)

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Declaring Methods

```
// '+' indicates class method  
+ (Album*) createAlbumFromEntry: (PSEntry*)entry;  
  
// '-' indicates instance method  
- (PSEntry*) entry;  
  
// Here's a variable-length argument list:  
- (NSArray*) arrayWithObjects:firstObject, ...;
```

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Defining Methods

```
// '+' indicates class method  
+ (Album*) albumWithEntryID: (NSString*)entryID  
{  
    return [self instanceWithValue: entryID  
        forKey: @"entryID"];  
}  
  
// '-' indicates instance method  
- (PSEntry*) entry  
{  
    return [_client entryWithIdentifier: _entryID];  
}
```

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Interfaces

```
@interface Album : MusicObject
{
    NSMutableArray *_sampleURLs, *_sampleTitles;
}

+ (Album*) albumWithEntryID: (NSString*)entryID;
- (PSEntry*) entry;

@property (copy) NSString* entryID;
@end
```

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NSWhat?

- Objective-C has no namespaces
- Libraries (and apps) use prefixes instead
- Many type names begin with "NS" — for NeXTStep

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Implementations

```
@implementation Album

// method definitions go here

@end
```

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Types

- Object variables are usually pointers
 - e.g., NSString *
- Methods can return any C type
 - including object pointers
 - use Objective-C method call anywhere an expression is valid
- Parameters can also be any C type

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Basic Types

- NSNumber, NSInteger
- NSString
 - special literal syntax: @"foo"
- NSMutableString
- NSArray and NSMutableArray
- NSDictionary and NSMutableDictionary

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Allocation

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <code>[NSAlert alloc]</code> | Allocates uninitialized object |
| <code>[new_object init]</code> | Performs default initialization |
| <code>[[NSAlert alloc] init]</code> | Standard init pattern |
| <code>[NSAlert new]</code> | Rarely used equivalent |

```
NSAlert *alertSheet;  
alertSheet = [[NSAlert alloc] init];
```

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Initialization

```
[[NSString alloc] init ]  
[[NSString alloc] initWithString: username]  
[[NSString alloc] initWithFormat:@"%s/%s",  
    parentAbsPath, relativePath]  
[[NSString alloc] initWithBytes:value length:strlen(value)]  
[[NSString alloc] initWithBytes:value length:strlen(value)  
    encoding:NSUTF8StringEncoding]  
[[NSString alloc] initWithData: data  
    encoding: NSUTF8StringEncoding]  
[[NSString alloc] initWithContentsOfFile: path]
```

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Special values

- self
- super
- nil

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Memory Management

- Objective-C v4 supports garbage collection
 - (but not on the iPhone)
- Manual reference counting
[obj retain]
[obj release]

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Dynamism

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Bundles

- NeXT's Objective-C was early to adopt dynamic loading of code, and now unloading.
- In Objective-C, this is embodied in the concept of a Bundle, which is a loadable module containing code and data (resource file).
- In practice, it's a directory named .bundle, which holds the relevant artifacts.

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Selective Typing

- Usually, Objective-C is statically typed
 - (or as static as C will allow)
- The typedef `id` represents "any Objective-C object"
- You can write methods that work on any type

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Selective Typing

- Method parameters with no type default to the special type `id`
- Works great for starting a project with no, or little typing information
- Gradually add type information to your classes as they get more users, or to increase confidence in the

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Protocols

- In Smalltalk terminology, a '**protocol**' is a set of methods that may be implemented by many classes.
- In Objective-C, this was formalized to resemble what you may know as an '**interface**' in Java.

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Protocols

```
@protocol KeyValueAccess
```

- valueForKey:(NSString*)key;
- setValue:(id)val forKey:(NSString*)key;

```
@end
```

protocol type

```
id <KeyValueAccess> obj = ...;  
[obj setValue:@"Peter" forKey:@"name"];
```

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Protocols

```
// union types
id <InputStream, OutputStream> stream = ...

// or even...
NSFooBar <KeyValueAccess> foobar = ...;

// In Java, such types can be used to
// declare Class parameter constraints...
```

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Categories

- Categories are collections of methods that you add to some other class.
 - Similar to Ruby mixins
- They can be added to classes you don't have the source to — even things like NSString!
- Extend library classes to fit your application.

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Categories

```
category name
@interface NSString (reverse)
- (NSString*)reverse;
@end

category name
@implementation NSString (reverse)
- (NSString*)reverse {
    ...
}
@end
```

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Categories

- Extend classes & Alternative to subclassing
- Distribute class code 'aspect oriented' [DCI]
 - Say, for an interpreter, the base classes may be the abstract syntax tree
 - One category adds the type checker for all nodes...
 - Another category adds the evaluation

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Reflection/Introspection

- Objective-C has rich support for reflection
 - Learn the type of an object
 - Learn about methods
 - Does this object support method foo?
 - Call methods dynamically

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The Runtime System

- Remember, Objective-C is just a runtime library + some helpful syntax.
- You can access that library directly:
 - Dynamically create an instance of a class
 - Catch and handle calls to missing methods

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Words of Advice

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Verbosity Fetish

```
[ row objectAtIndex: item ]  
  
[ row insertObject: @"foo" atIndex: item ]  
  
[ newKernel setDataModifiedFromOriginal: NO ]
```

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Frameworks

- Most Objective-C libraries are called “frameworks”
- Don't fit the usual definition of “framework”
- Essentially a library with extra use/packaging information for IDE

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A Step Backward

- Manual memory management
- Buffer overflows, core dumps
- Dust off your old C/C++ debugging skills

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Signatures!

$$h = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

```
- (float)calcLength:(float)x and:(float)y  
{  
    return sqrt(x*x + y*y);  
}
```

```
// In Intel ABI, floats are passed in the  
// FPU registers, integers on the stack.
```

```
int h = [obj calcLength:3 and:5]
```

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Fuzzy Boundaries

- Many things implemented as ordinary C functions or macros.
- Many important types *not* defined as objects.
 - (usually for efficiency)
- Difficult to remember where the boundaries are.

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