



# Securing EcmaScript 5: Adventures in Strategic Compromise

Mark S. Miller and the Cajadores

Thanks to many on EcmaScript committee



# Overview

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My “Expression Security Constraints” talk

The *What* and *Why* of object-capabilities (ocaps)

This talk

The *How* of doing ocaps in JavaScript

*Why* JavaScript?

Dynamics of Language Adoption

Improving JavaScript in Stages

# Improving JavaScript in Stages

---

## EcmaScript 3:

One of the hardest oo languages to secure.

Complex server-side translator. Runtime overhead.

## EcmaScript 5:

One of the easiest oo languages to secure.

Simple client-side init and verifier. No runtime overhead.

Approx 3K download compressed.

# Improving JavaScript in Stages

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**Encapsulated** objects

EcmaScript 3 (ES3)

**Tamper proof** objects

EcmaScript 5 (ES5)

**Defensive** objects

ES5 strict mode (ES5/strict)

**Future** objects on old browsers

ES5/3, SES5/3 (Caja)

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Confining **offensive** objects

Secure EcmaScript (SES) on ES5

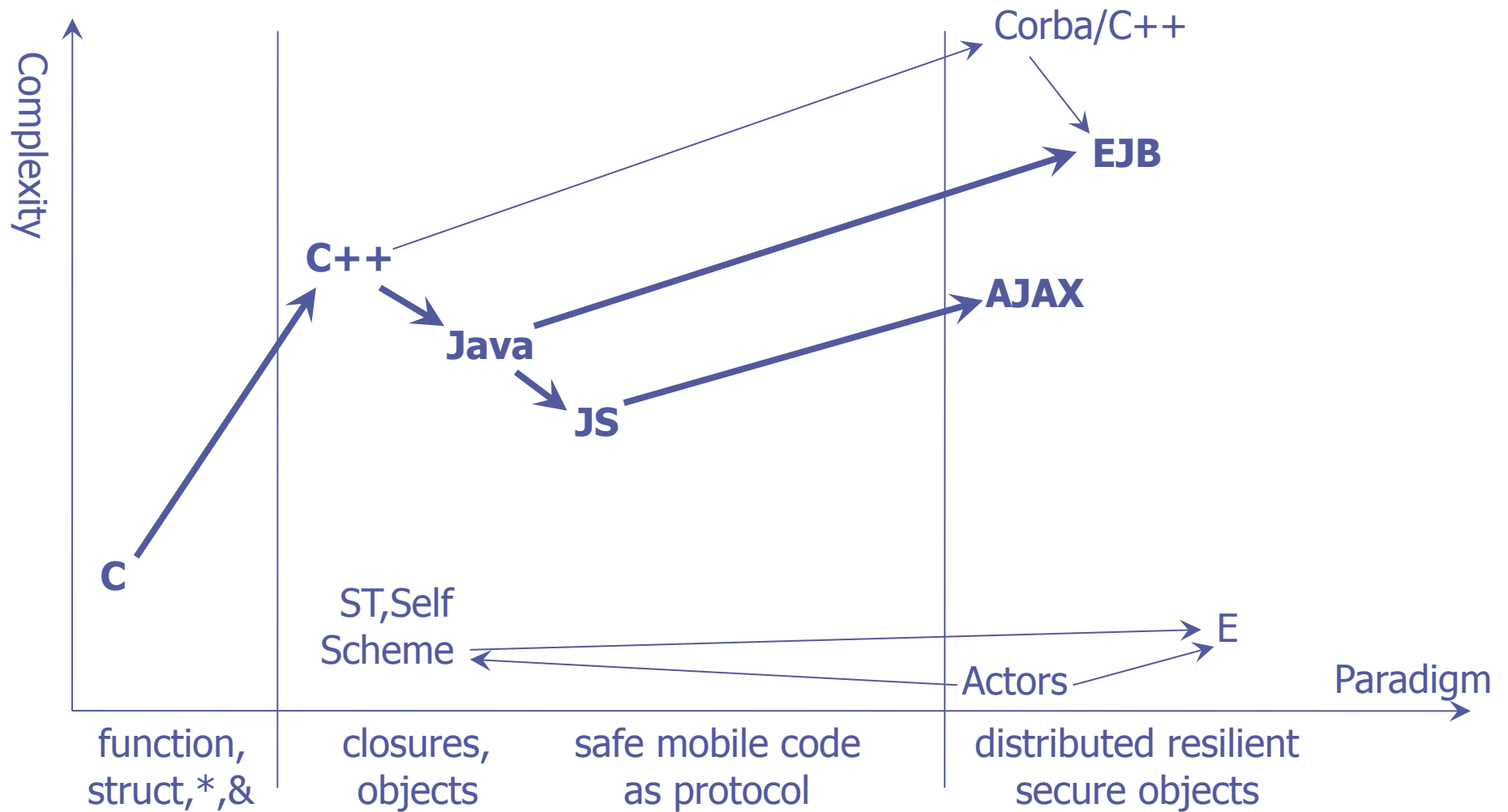
**Distributed** objects

Distributed Resilient SES (Dr. SES)

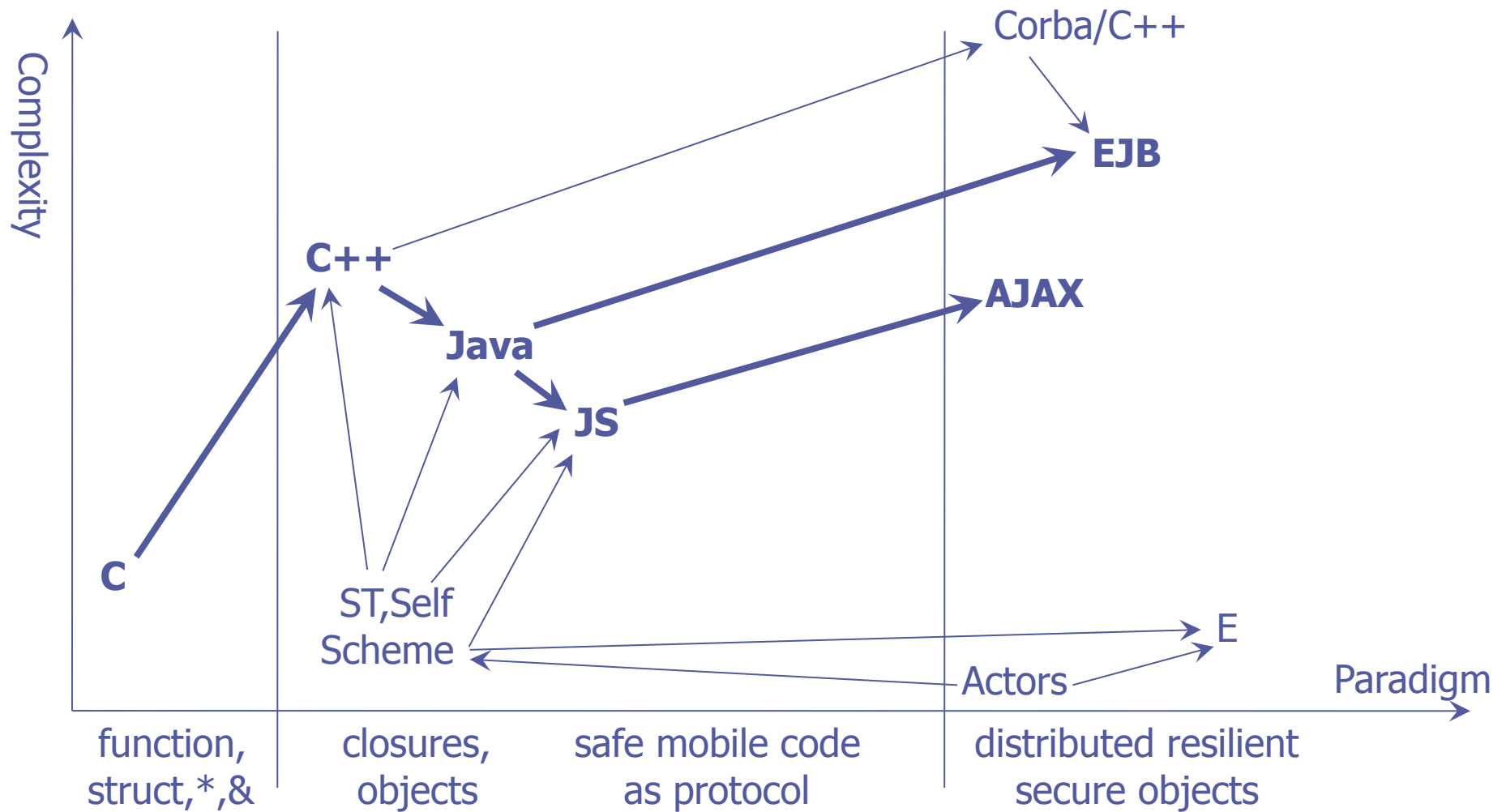
**Robust** objects

SESLint?

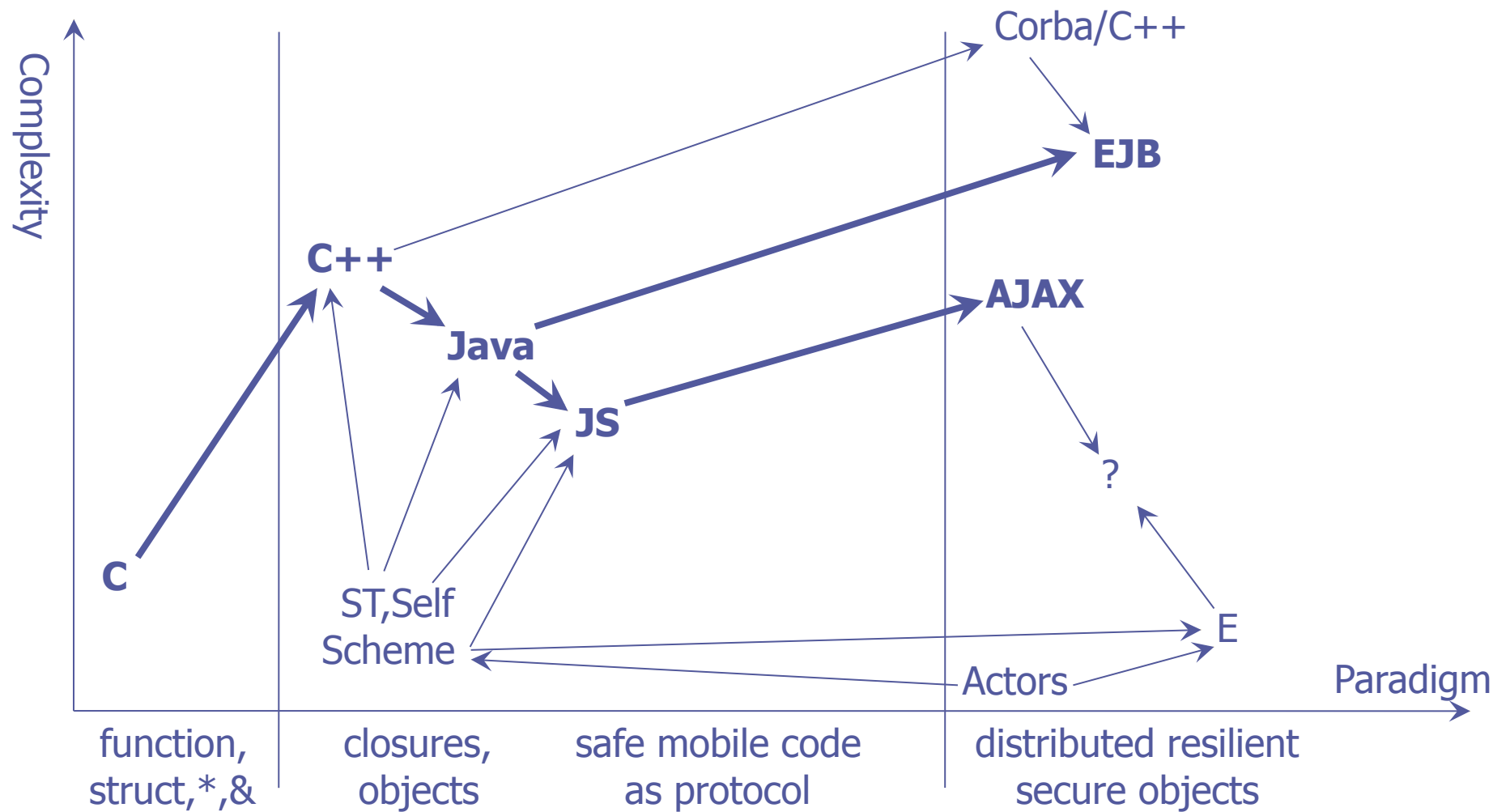
# Adoption paths & progress



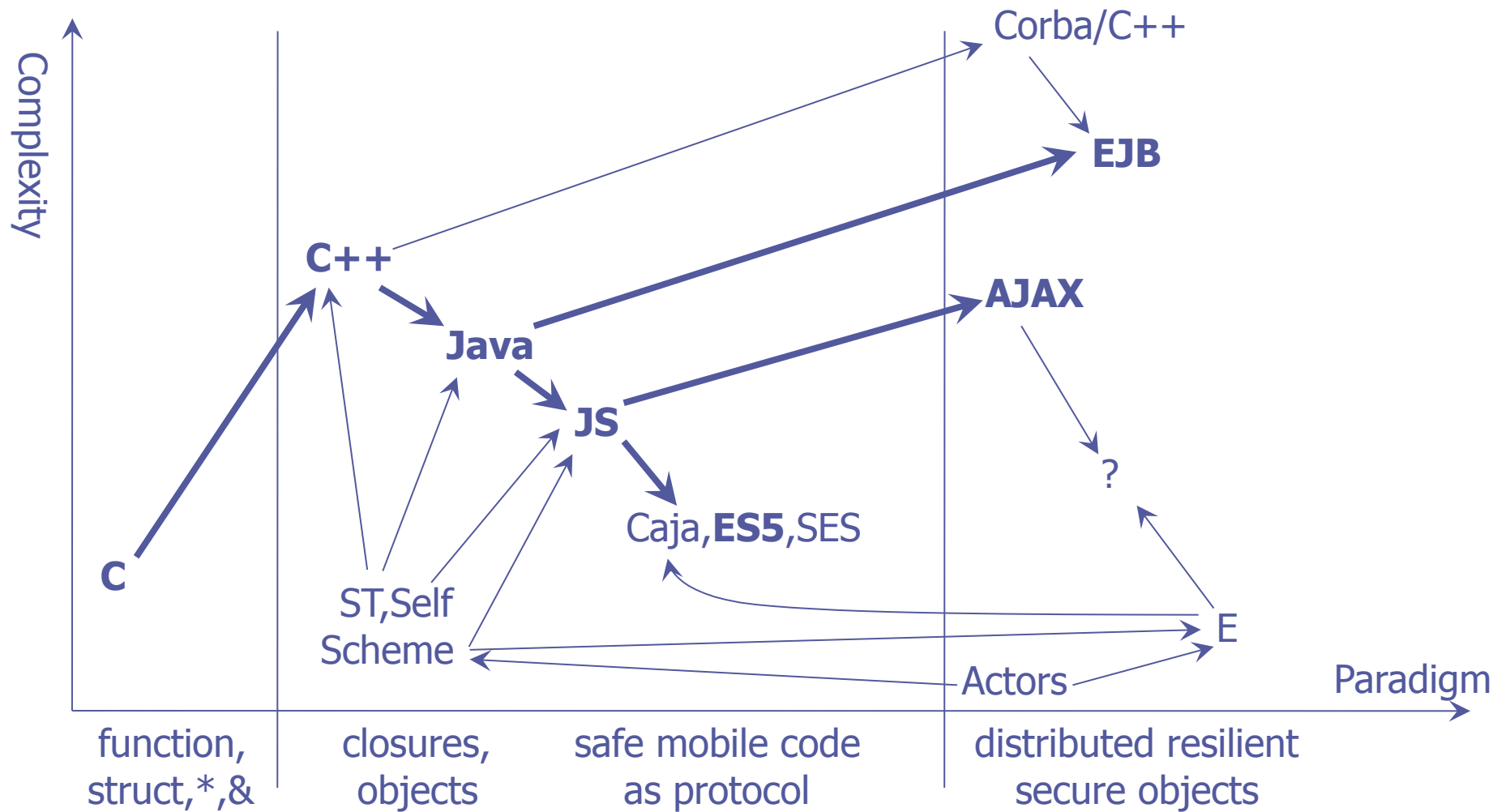
# Legacy-free scouts lead way



# Too big a jump

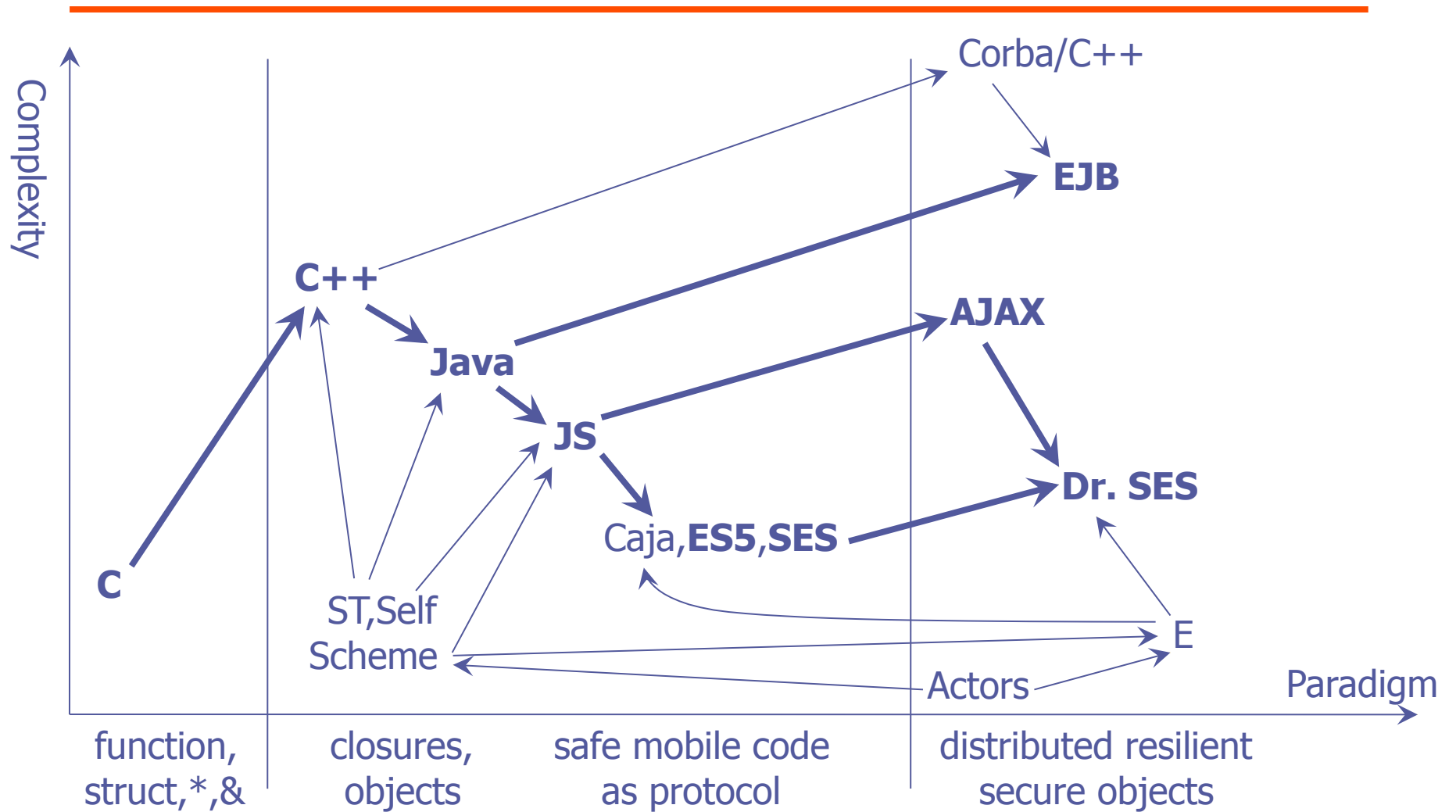


# Today



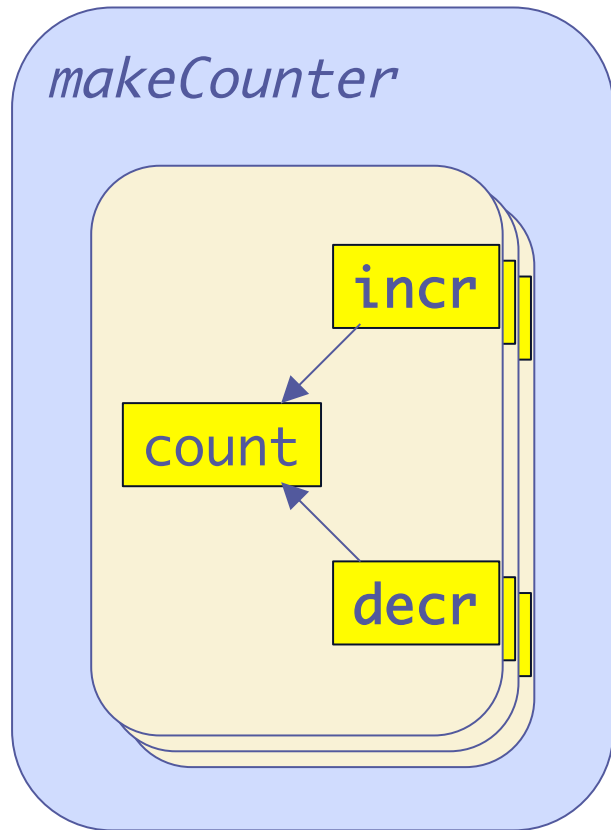


# Tomorrow?



# Encapsulated objects in ES3

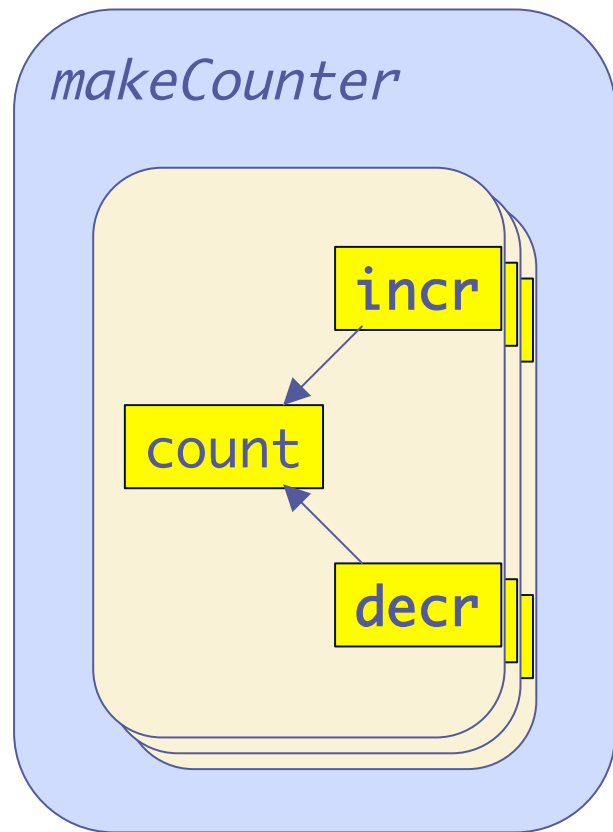
---



```
function makeCounter() {  
  var count = 0;  
  return {  
    incr: function() { return ++count; },  
    decr: function() { return --count; }  
  };  
}
```

# Encapsulated objects in ES3

---

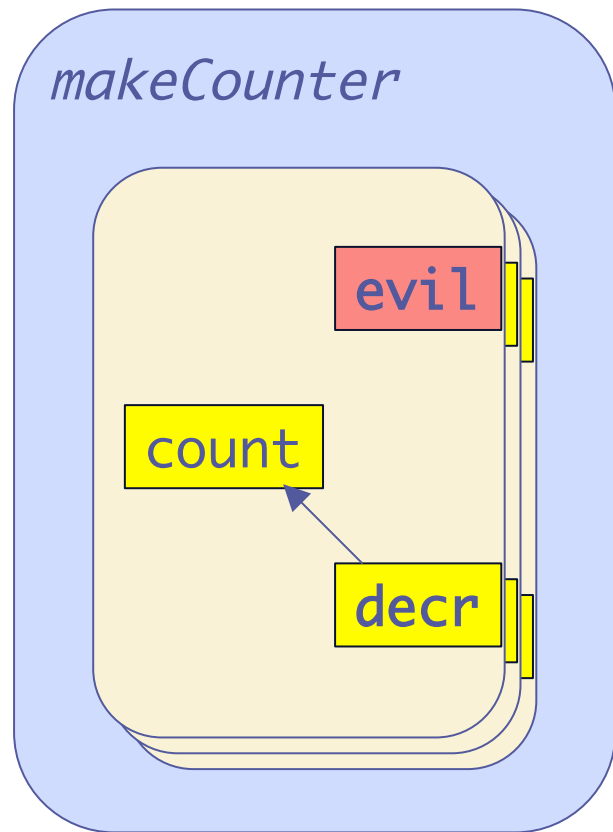


```
function makeCounter() {  
  var count = 0;  
  return {  
    incr: function() { return ++count; },  
    decr: function() { return --count; }  
  };  
}
```

A record of closures hiding state  
is a fine representation of an  
object of methods hiding instance vars

# Encapsulated objects in ES3

---



```
function makeCounter() {  
  var count = 0;  
  return {  
    incr: function() { return ++count; },  
    decr: function() { return --count; }  
  };  
}
```

Indefensible:

```
var counter = makeCounter();  
bob(counter); carol(counter);
```

Bob says:

```
counter.incr = function evil(){...};
```

# Robustness impossible in ES3

---

Objects necessarily mutable (monkey patching)

Not statically scoped – repaired by ES5

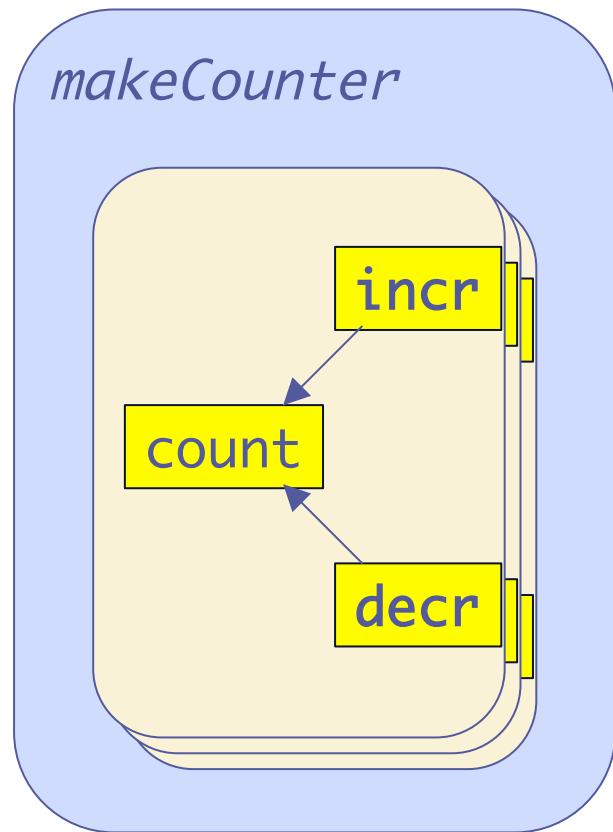
```
(function n() {...x...})           // named function exprs  
try{throw fn;}catch(f){f();...x...} // thrown function  
Object = Date; ...{}...           // "as if by"
```

Not statically scoped – repaired by ES5/strict

```
with (o) {...x...}                // attractive but botched  
delete x;                          // dynamic deletion  
eval(str); ...x...                 // eval exports binding
```

# Tamper-proof objects in ES5

---



```
function makeCounter() {  
  var count = 0;  
  return Object.freeze({  
    incr: function() { return ++count; },  
    decr: function() { return --count; }  
  });  
}
```

Bob's attack fails:

```
counter.incr = function evil(){...};
```

# Encapsulation Leaks in non-strict ES5

---

```
function doSomething(ifBobKnows, passwd) {  
  if (ifBobKnows() === passwd) {  
    //... do something with passwd  
  }  
}
```

# Encapsulation Leaks in non-strict ES5

---

```
function doSomething(ifBobKnows, passwd) {  
  if (ifBobKnows() === passwd) {  
    //... do something with passwd  
  }  
}
```

Bob says:

```
var stash;  
function ifBobKnows() {  
  stash = arguments.caller.arguments[1];  
  return arguments.caller.arguments[1] = badPasswd;  
}
```



# Encapsulation & Scope in ES5/strict

---

```
“use strict”;  
function doSomething(ifBobKnows, passwd) {  
  if (ifBobKnows() === passwd) {  
    //... do something with passwd  
  }  
}
```

Bob’s attack fails:

```
return arguments.caller.arguments[1] = badPasswd;
```

Parameters not joined to arguments.

# Encapsulation & Scope in ES5/strict

---

```
“use strict”;  
function doSomething(ifBobKnows, passwd) {  
  if (ifBobKnows() === passwd) {  
    //... do something with passwd  
  }  
}
```

Bob’s attack fails:

```
return arguments.caller.arguments[1] = badPasswd;
```

Poison pills.

# Encapsulation & Scope in ES5/strict

---

```
“use strict”;  
function doSomething(ifBobKnows, passwd) {  
  if (ifBobKnows() === passwd) {  
    //... do something with passwd  
  }  
}
```

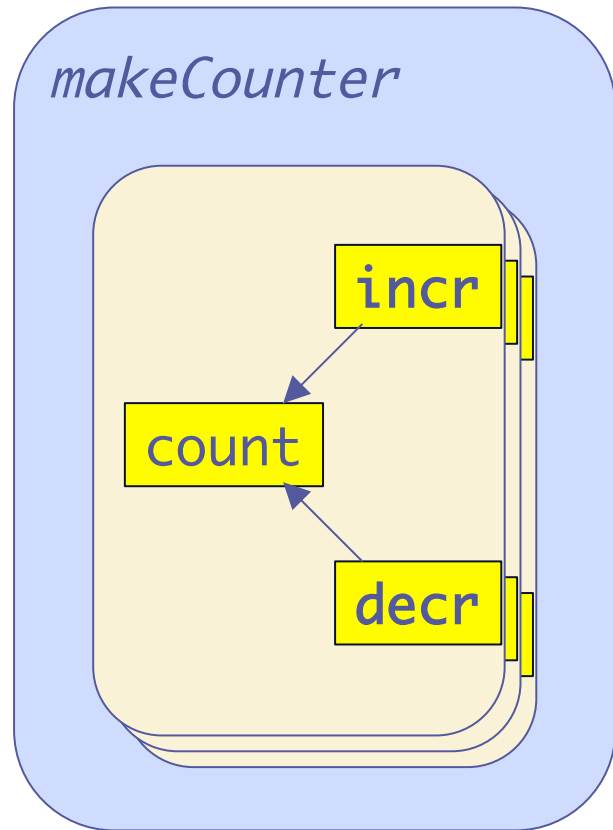
Bob’s attack fails:

```
return arguments.caller.arguments[1] = badPasswd;
```

Even non-strict “.caller” can’t reveal a strict caller.

# Defensive objects in ES5/strict

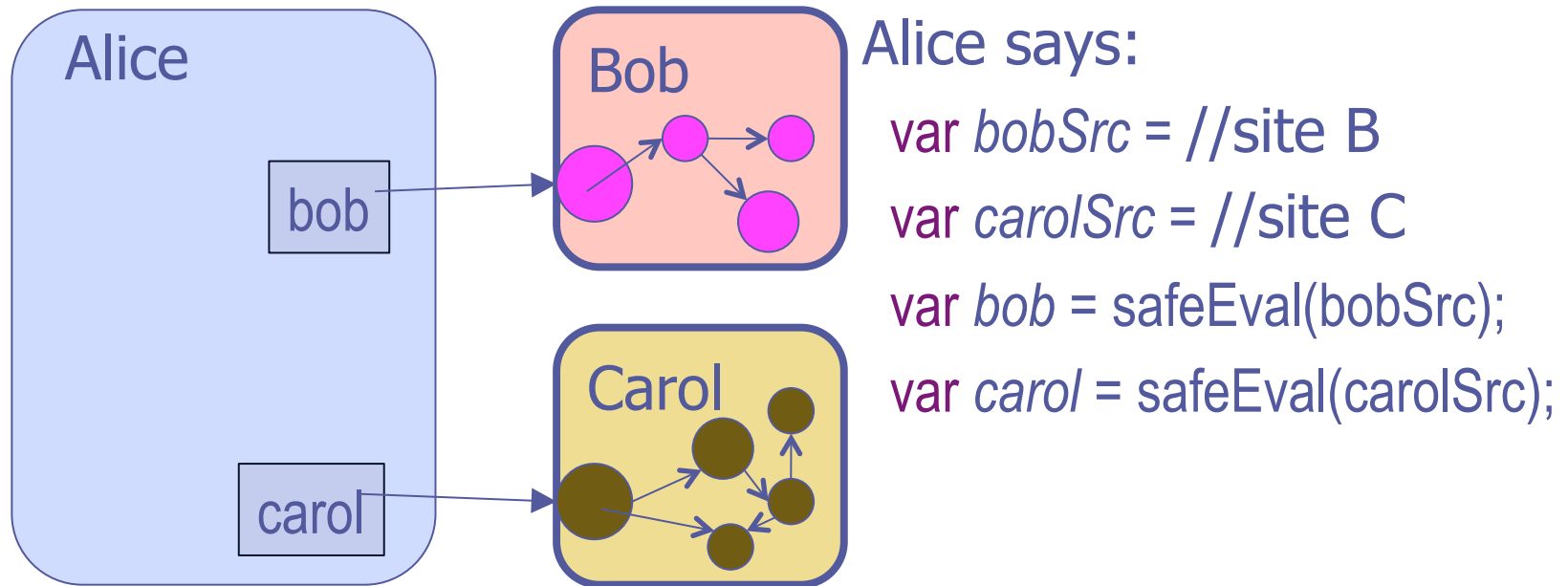
---



```
“use strict”;  
function makeCounter() {  
  var count = 0;  
  return Object.freeze({  
    incr: function() { return ++count; },  
    decr: function() { return --count; }  
  });  
}
```

# Confining **offensive** objects in SES

---



Bob and Carol are **confined**.

Only Alice controls how they can interact or get more connected.

# The Mashup problem: Code as Media

---

```
<html> <head> <title>Basic Mashup</title> <script>
  function animate(id) {
    var element = document.getElementById(id);
    var textNode = element.childNodes[0];
    var text = textNode.data;
    var reverse = false;
    element.onclick = function() { reverse = !reverse; };
    setInterval(function() {
      textNode.data = text = reverse ? text.substring(1) + text[0]
        : text[text.length-1] + text.substring(0, text.length-1);
    }, 100);
  }
</script> </head> <body onload="animate('target')">
  <pre id="target">Hello Programmable World! </pre>
</body> </html>
```

# Caja Corkboard Demo

grammable World! Hello Pro  
— *erights@google.com*, 2010-10-04  
13:30:40.185506

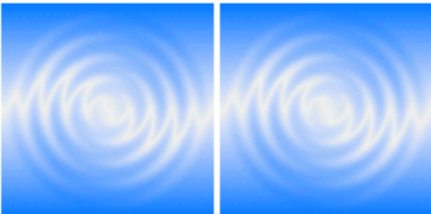
[Edit](#) [Delete](#)

**(Error contacting Caja service)**  
— *kpreid.switchb.org*, 2010-08-22  
12:26:41.953037

[View Source](#)

Greetings from [Rosetta Code!](#)  
Not just a <marquee>:  
World! Hello  
— *kpreid.switchb.org*, 2010-08-13  
19:06:55.712467

[View Source](#)

Cajoling-of-URLs test: you should see 2  
links to google.com and 2 images.  
**Static**                      **Dynamic**  
[Link](#)                              [Link](#)  
  
— *kpreid.switchb.org*, 2010-08-13  
00:27:22.459179

[View Source](#)

Testing 123.  
— *kpreid.switchb.org*, 2010-08-10  
22:21:44.542621

[View Source](#)

  
— *kpreid.switchb.org*, 2010-07-24  
00:43:10.844801

[View Source](#)

# Future objects on old browsers

The screenshot shows the Google Caja Playground interface. The browser's address bar displays 'caja.appspot.com'. The page title is 'Caja Playground' with a subtitle 'Google Caja. Copyright (C) 2008, Google Inc. Rev 4290 built on 2010-09-27 22:02:35.' Navigation links include 'Tells us what you think', 'File a bug', and 'Help!'. The main interface has tabs for 'Source', 'Policy', 'Cajoled Source', 'Rendered Result', 'Compile Warnings/Errors', and 'Runtime Warnings/Errors'. On the left, an 'Examples' sidebar lists 'How do I..', 'Web pages', 'Applications', and 'Attacks'. The central code editor shows the following HTML and JavaScript code:

```
http://
1 <html> <head> <title>Basic Mashup</title> <script>
2   function animate(id) {
3     var element = document.getElementById(id);
4     var textNode = element.childNodes[0];
5     var text = textNode.data;
6     var reverse = false;
7     element.onclick = function() { reverse = !reverse; };
8     setInterval(function() {
9       textNode.data = text = reverse ? text.substring(1) + text[0]
10        : text[text.length-1] + text.substring(0, text.length-1);
11     }, 100);
12   }
13 </script> </head> <body onload="animate('target')">
14   <pre id="target">Hello Programmable World! </pre>
15 </body> </html>
16
17
18
19
20
21
```





caja.appspot.com



[Tells us what you think](#) [File a bug](#) [Help!](#)



Caja Playground

Google Caja. Copyright (C) 2008, Google Inc. Rev 4290 built on 2010-09-27 22:02:35.

### Examples

- How do I..
- Web pages
- Applications
- Attacks

```
function animate(id) {
  var element, x0___, textNode, text, reverse, x1___;
  element = (x0___ = IMPORTS___document_v___?
    IMPORTS___document: ___ri(IMPORTS___, 'document'),
    x0___.getElementById_m___? x0___.getElementById(id):
    x0___.m___('getElementById', [ id ]));
  textNode = (element.childNodes_v___? element.childNodes:
    element.v___('childNodes'))[ 0 ];
  text = textNode.data_v___? textNode.data:
  textNode.v___('data');
  reverse = false;
  x1___ = (function () {
    function onclick$_meth() {
      reverse = !reverse;
    }
    return ___f(onclick$_meth, 'onclick$_meth');
  })(), element.onclick_w___ === element?
  (element.onclick = x1___): element.w___('onclick',
  x1___);
  (IMPORTS___setInterval_v___? IMPORTS___setInterval:
  ___ri(IMPORTS___, 'setInterval')).i___(___f(function
  () {
    var x0___, x1___;
    x1___ = text = reverse? (text.substring_m___?
    text.substring(1): text.m___('substring', [ 1 ]))
    + text[ 0 ]: text.v___(text.length - 1) + (x0___
    = text.length - 1, text.substring_m___?
    text.substring(0, x0___): text.m___('substring',
    [ 0, x0___ ])), textNode.data_w___ ===
    textNode? (textNode.data = x1___):
    textNode.w___('data', x1___);
  }), 100);
}
IMPORTS___w___('animate', ___f(animate, 'animate'));
}
```

# Turning ES5/strict into SES

---

Monkey patch away bad non-std behaviors

Remove non-whitelisted primordials

Install leaky **WeakMap** emulation

Make virtual global root

Freeze whitelisted global variables

Replace **eval** & **Function** with safe alternatives

Freeze accessible primordials

# Monkey patch away bad non-std behaviors

---

Secure ES5 reality, not just spec.

Ch16 exemptions destroy security reasoning.

➤ `/x/.test('axb');`

`true`

➤ `RegExp.leftContext;`

`a`

➤ `new RegExp('(.\r\n)*', '').exec();`

`axb,b`

# Monkey patch away bad non-std behaviors

---

Specified primordials replaceable, whew!

```
var unsafeExec = RegExp.prototype.exec;
RegExp.prototype.exec = function(specimen) {
    return unsafeExec.call(this, String(specimen));
}
var unsafeTest = ...
```

# Monkey patch away bad non-std behaviors

---

Unspecified primordial unspecified, darn!

➤ `delete RegExp.leftContext;`

`false`

➤ `'leftContext' in RegExp;`

`true`

Allowed by Ch16 exemptions

# Monkey patch away bad non-std behaviors

---

Most specified globals replaceable, whew!

```
var UnsafeRegExp = RegExp;
RegExp = function(pattern, flags) {
  return UnsafeRegExp(pattern, flags);
}
RegExp.prototype = UnsafeRegExp.prototype;
RegExp.prototype.constructor = RegExp;
```

# Remove non-whitelisted primordials

---

Object.getOwnPropertyNames(o) → string[]

Object.getPrototypeOf(o) → o | null

```
var whitelist = {  
  "escape": true,           // ES5 Appendix B de-facto  
  "unescape": true,        // ES5 Appendix B de-facto  
  "Object": {  
    "prototype": {  
      "constructor": "*",  
      "toString": "*",  
      "toLocaleString": "*",  
      "valueOf": true,  
      "hasOwnProperty": true,  
      "isPrototypeOf": true,  
      "propertyIsEnumerable": true  
    },  
    "getOwnPropertyDescriptor": true, // ES-Harmony proposal  
    "getOwnPropertyNames": true,     // ES-Harmony proposal  
    "identical": true,               // ES-Harmony strawman  
    "getPrototypeOf": true,  
    "getOwnPropertyDescriptor": true,  
    "getOwnPropertyNames": true,  
  },  
};
```

# Remove non-whitelisted primordials...

---

... or die trying.

➤ `delete Object.caller;`

`false`

➤ `'caller' in Object;`

`true`

The trivial secureability of ES5 is easily lost.

A suggestion for ES5 implementers:

*Please make all non-std properties configurable (deletable).*



# Install leaky WeakMap emulation

---

Too kludgy to explain in this talk.

A suggestion for ES5 implementers:

*Please implement the ES-Harmony  
WeakMap proposal.*

# Make virtual global root

---

```
var root = Object.create(null, {  
  Object: {value: Object},  
  Array: {value: Array},  
  NaN: {value: NaN},  
  //...  
});
```

# Freeze whitelisted global variables

---

```
Object.defineProperty(global, {  
  Object: {value: Object},  
  //...  
});
```

Global object as a whole remains unfrozen.

# If I only had a parser

---

```
var unsafeEval = eval;
eval = function(src) {
  src = ' "use strict"; ' + String(src);
  var ast = parse(src);
  freevars(ast).forEach(function(name) {
    if (!(name in root)) { throw ...; }
  });
  return unsafeEval(
    '(function() { return ( ' + src + '\n); })'
  ).call(root);
}
```

# Replace `eval` with confining `eval`

---

```
var unsafeEval = eval;
eval = function(src) {
  src = verifyStrictExpression(src);
  return unsafeEval(
    '(function() {' +
    '  with (this) {' +           // poison forbidden globals
    '    return function() {' + // root as "top level" this
    '      "use strict";' +     // enforces lexical scoping
    '      return (' + src + '\n);' +
    '};}})').call(makeScope(src)).call(root);
}
```

# Replace `eval` with confining `eval`

---

```
var unsafeEval = eval;
eval = function(src) {
  src = verifyStrictExpression(src);
  return unsafeEval(
    '(function() {' +
    '  with(this) {' + // poison forbidden globals
    '    return function() {' + // root as "top level" this
    '      "use strict";' + // enforces lexical scoping
    '      return (' + src + '\n);' +
    '    });})').call(makeScope(src)).call(root);
}
```

# Syntax verification “without” parsing

---

```
function verifyStrictExpression(src) {  
  src = String(src);  
  UnsafeFunction(' "use strict";' + src);  
  try {  
    UnsafeFunction(' "use strict"; (' + src + '\n);');  
  } catch (ex) {  
    return '(function() {' + src + '\n}).call(this)';  
  }  
  return src;  
}
```

# Poison All Possible Globals

---

```
function makeScope(src) {  
  var scope = Object.create(root), a, ID = /???.gm;  
  while (a = ID.exec(src)) {  
    if (!(a[0] in scope)) {  
      Object.defineProperty(scope, a[0], { get: function() { throw ...; } });  
    }  
  }  
  return Object.freeze(scope);  
}
```



# ~~Poison All Possible Globals~~

---

A suggestion for ES5 implementers:

*Please expose a parser API.*



(SES only)

## Freeze accessible primordials

---

```
def(root); // define defensive objects
```

Recursively freeze by property and prototype traversal.

Object.getOwnPropertyNames(o) → string[]

Object.getPrototypeOf(o) → o | null

Object.freeze(o) → o

# Script code vs. eval code

---

```
<script src="ses.js"></script>  
<script src="domado.js"></script>  
<script>  
  var bobSrc = ... // untrusted code from somewhere  
  eval(bobSrc)({document: attenuate(document), ...});  
</script>
```

eval code is confined. Script code is privileged.  
global vars in scope.

# Script code vs. eval code

---

```
<script src="ses.js"></script>
```

```
<script src="domado.js"></script>
```

```
<script>
```

```
  var bobSrc = ... // untrusted code from somewhere
```

```
  eval(bobSrc)({document: attenuate(document), ...});
```

```
</script>
```

eval code is confined. Script code is privileged.  
global vars in scope.

# Script code vs. eval code

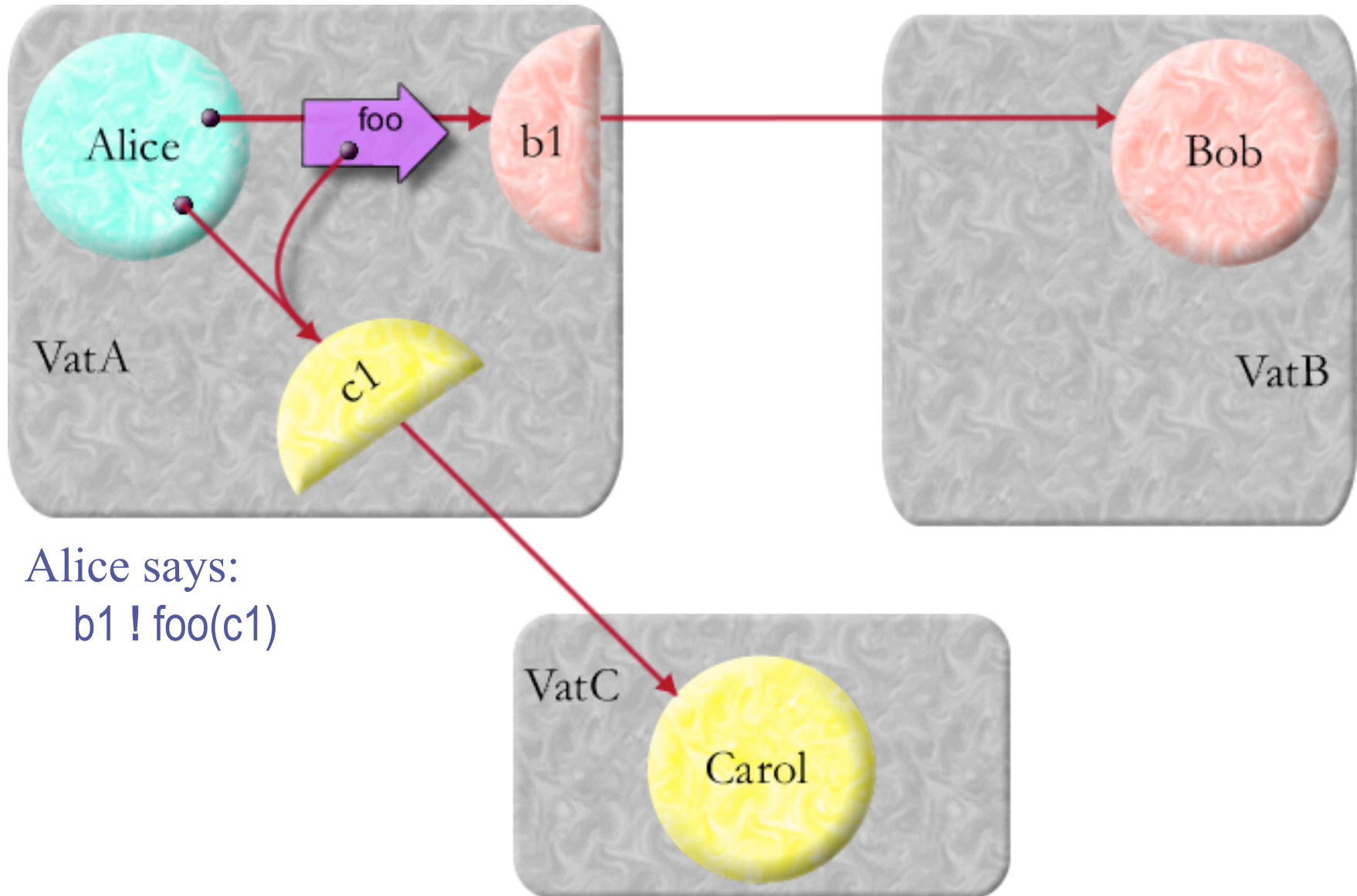
---

<script src="domado.js"></script>

A suggestion for ES5 implementers:

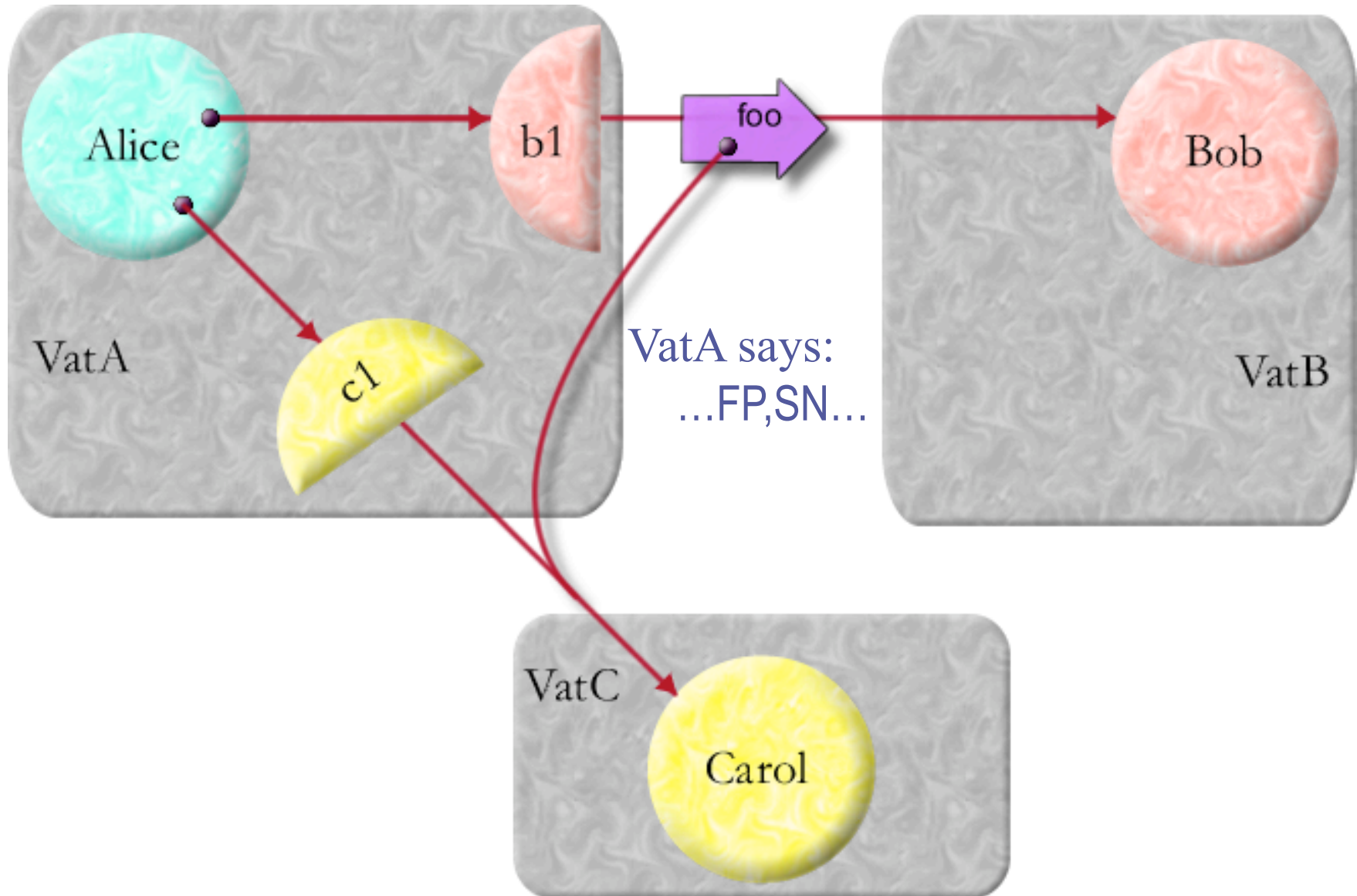
*Please implement the ES-Harmony  
Proxy proposal.*

# Distributed objects in Dr. SES

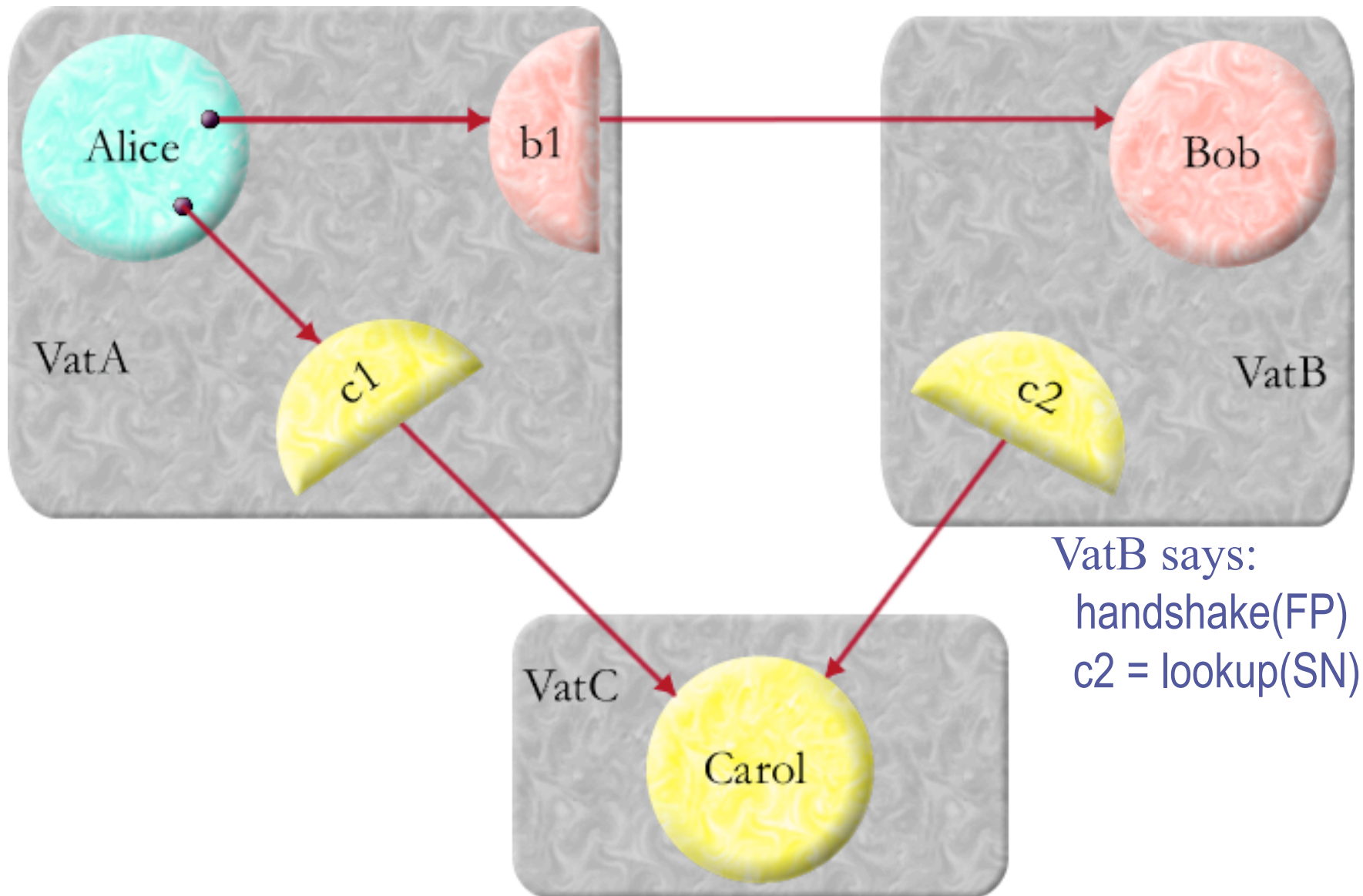


Alice says:  
b1 ! foo(c1)

# Distributed objects in Dr. SES

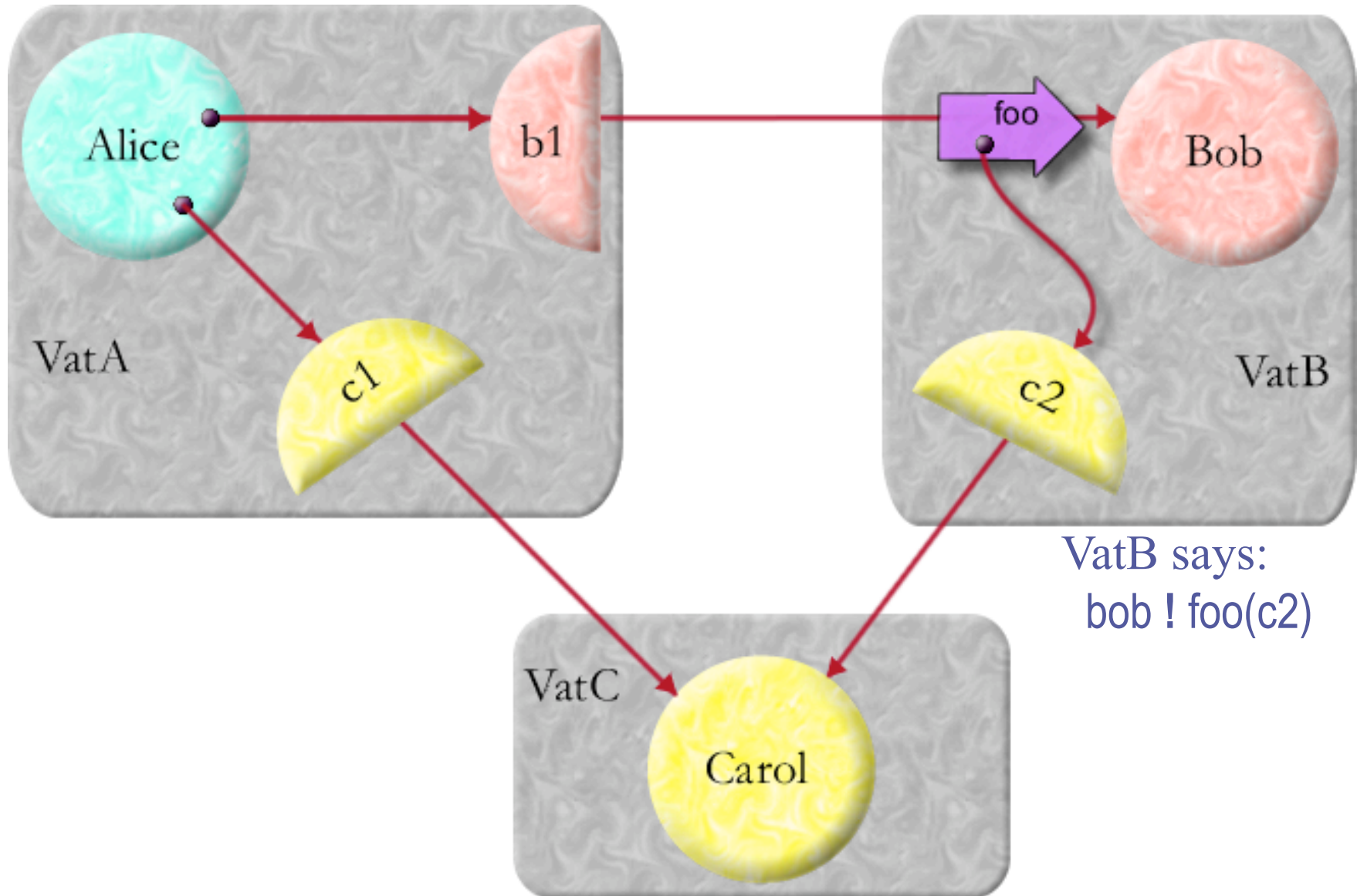


# Distributed objects in Dr. SES

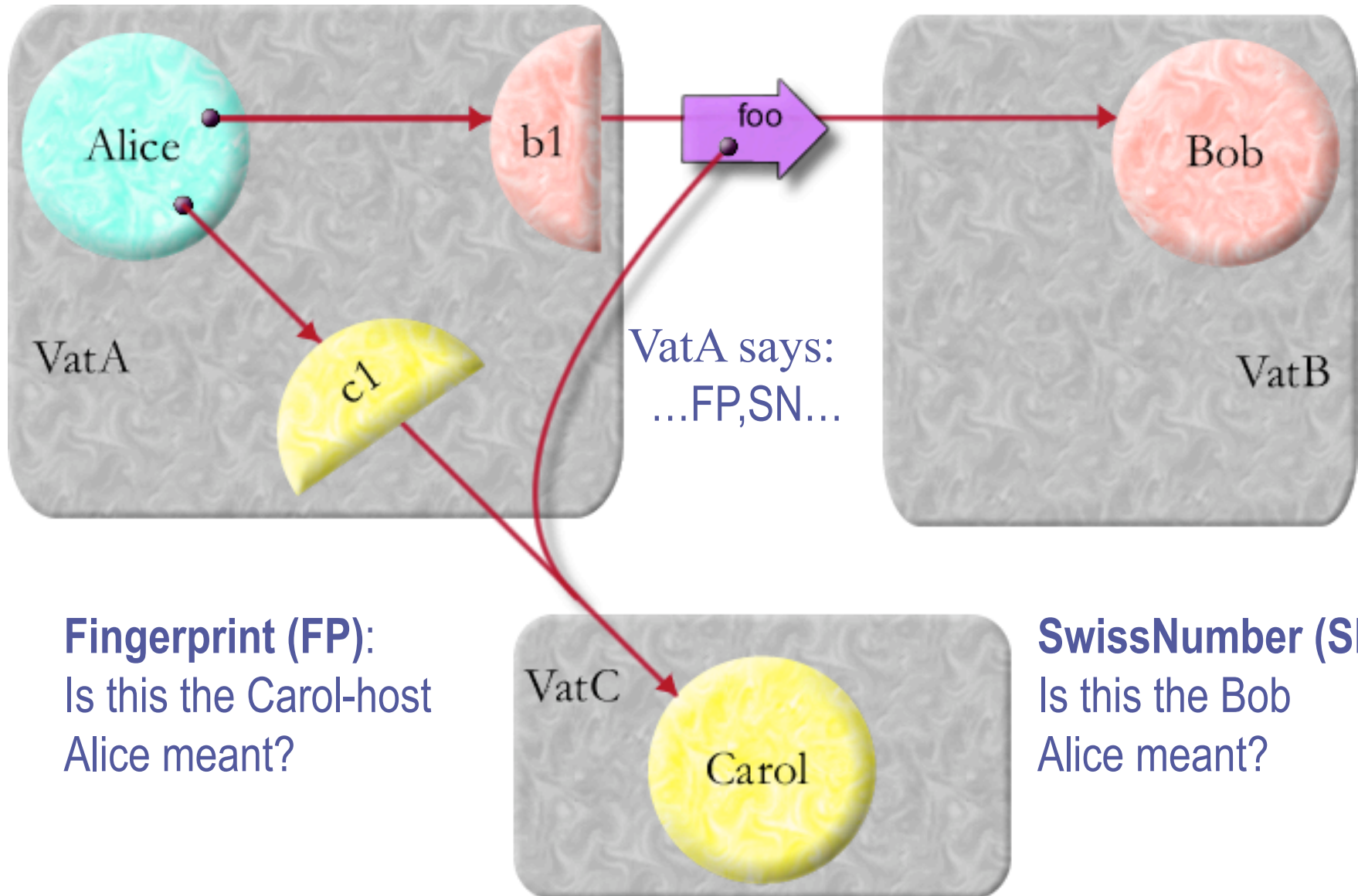




# Distributed objects in Dr. SES



# The Two Impostor Problems



# Causeway distributed debugger

The screenshot displays the Causeway distributed debugger interface, which is split into two main panels. The left panel, titled "Message Order Tree", shows a hierarchical view of the execution flow. The right panel shows a corresponding execution flow graph with nodes and edges.

**Message Order Tree:**

- # fredforwarder received send target forwarder
- ▼ FredForwarderX.DoGotTargetForwarder.fulfill
  - [yeh26u, 99] FredForwarderX.accept
- ▼ FredForwarderX.init
  - [3ors4l, 75] FredDirectoryX.objectLocation
    - # objLoc requested
  - ▼ FredDirectoryX.objectLocation
    - [ccnxs6, 92] FredForwarderX.DoGotTargetForwarder.fulfill
      - # fredforwarder received send target forwarder
      - ▼ FredForwarderX.DoGotTargetForwarder.fulfill
        - [yeh26u, 100] FredForwarderX.accept
- ▼ ## Returned
  - [ex7aqd, 2]
  - ▼ ## Resolved
    - [ccnxs6, 3] FredForwarderX.registerObj
  - ▼ ## Resolved
    - [ccnxs6, 11] FredForwarderX.registerObj
  - ▼ ## Resolved
    - [ex7aqd, 29]
  - ▼ ## Resolved
    - [ex7aqd, 36]
  - ▼ ## Resolved
    - [ccnxs6, 24] FredForwarderX.send

# Robust objects with ESLint?

---

```
function makeTable() {  
  var array = [];  
  return def({  
    store: function(i, v) { array[i] = v; },  
    queue: function(v) { array.push(v); }  
  });  
}
```

# Robust objects with ESLint?

---

```
function makeTable() {  
  var array = [];  
  return def({  
    store: function(i, v) { array[i] = v; },  
    queue: function(v) { array.push(v); }  
  });  
}
```

Bob says:

```
var stash;  
table.store('push', function(v) { stash = this; });  
table.queue(88); // stash stole array!
```

# Robust objects with ESLint?

---

```
function makeTable() {  
  /*@encapsulate*/ var array = [];  
  return def({  
    store: function(i, v) { array[i] = v; },  
    queue: function(v) { array.push(v); }  
  });  
}
```

# Robust objects with ESLint?

---

```
function makeTable() {  
  /*@encapsulate*/ var array = [];  
  return def({  
    store: function(i, v) { array[i] = v; },  
    queue: function(v) { array.push(v); }  
  });  
}
```

# Robust objects with ESLint?

---

```
function makeTable() {  
  /*@encapsulate*/ var array = [];  
  return def({  
    store: function(i, v) { array[+i] = v; },  
    queue: function(v) { array.push(v); }  
  });  
}
```



Bob's attack fails

```
table.store('push', function(v) { stash = this; });
```



# Caja Roadmap

---

	Cajita	SES5/3	SES/ES5-strict
+	Valija	ES5/3	Sandboxed ES5-strict
+	ref_send / server-proxy	—————→	ref_send / UMP
+		server-server captp	captp / web-sockets
+		"!" sending sugar	—————→
<b>Subtotal:</b>		<b>Dr. SES5/3</b>	<b>Dr. SES</b>
+	Sanitize HTML & CSS	—————→	—————→
+	Domita / uncajoled JS	Domado / SES	—————→
<b>=</b>	<b>Caja Yesterday</b>	<b>Caja Tomorrow</b>	<b>Caja on ES5,HTML5</b>

# Questions?

---

# Async object ops as JSON/REST ops

---

## Object operations

`var result = bob.foo;`

`var resultP = bob ! foo;`

`var result = bob.foo(carol);`

`var resultP = bob ! foo(carol);`

`bob ! foo = newFoo;`

`delete bob ! foo;`

## https: JSON/RESTful operations

*local only get*

GET https://...q=foo

*local only call*

POST https://...q=foo {...}

PUT https://...q=foo {...}

DELETE http://...q=foo

# Async object ops as JSON/REST ops

---

## Object operations

~~var result = bob.foo;~~

var resultP = bob ! foo;

~~var result = bob.foo(carol);~~

var resultP = bob ! foo(carol);

~~bob ! foo = new Foo;~~

~~delete bob ! foo;~~

## https: JSON/RESTful operations

~~local only get~~

GET https://...q=foo

~~local only call~~

POST https://...q=foo {...}

~~PUT https://...q=foo {...}~~

~~DELETE http://...q=foo~~

# Async object ops as JSON/REST ops

---

## Object operations

`var resultP = bob ! foo;`

`var resultP = bob ! foo(carol);`

## https: JSON/RESTful operations

GET https://...q=foo

POST https://...q=foo {...}

# Async object ops as JSON/REST ops

---

## Object operations

```
var resultP = bob ! foo;
```

```
var resultP = bob ! foo(carol);
```

```
Q.when(resultP, function(result) {  
  ...result...  
}, function (ex) {  
  ...ex...  
});
```

## https: JSON/RESTful operations

```
GET https://...q=foo
```

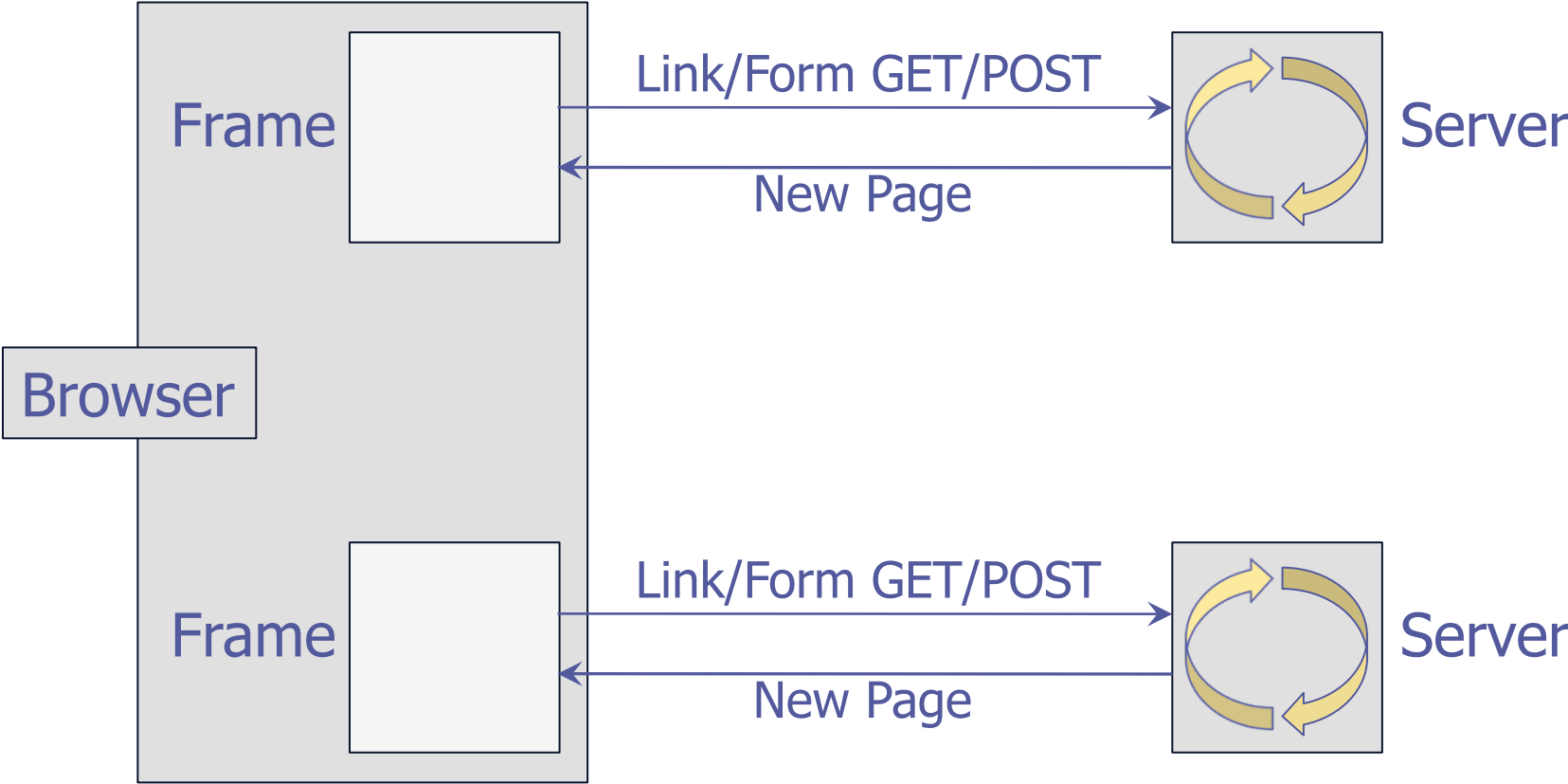
```
POST https://...q=foo {...}
```

*Register for notification using*

```
xhr.onreadystatechange = ...
```

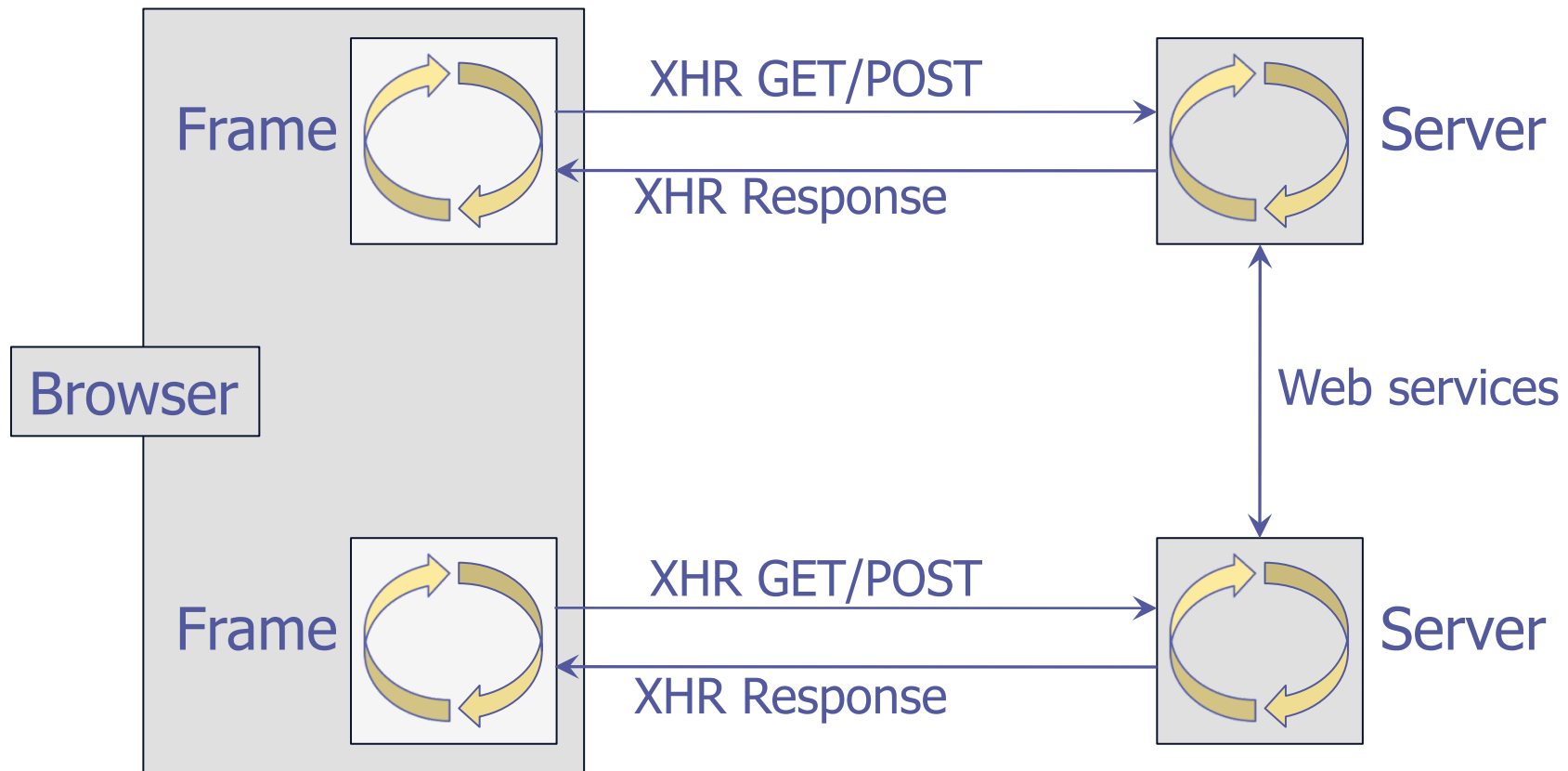
# Original Web

---



# Ajax = Mobile code + async msgs

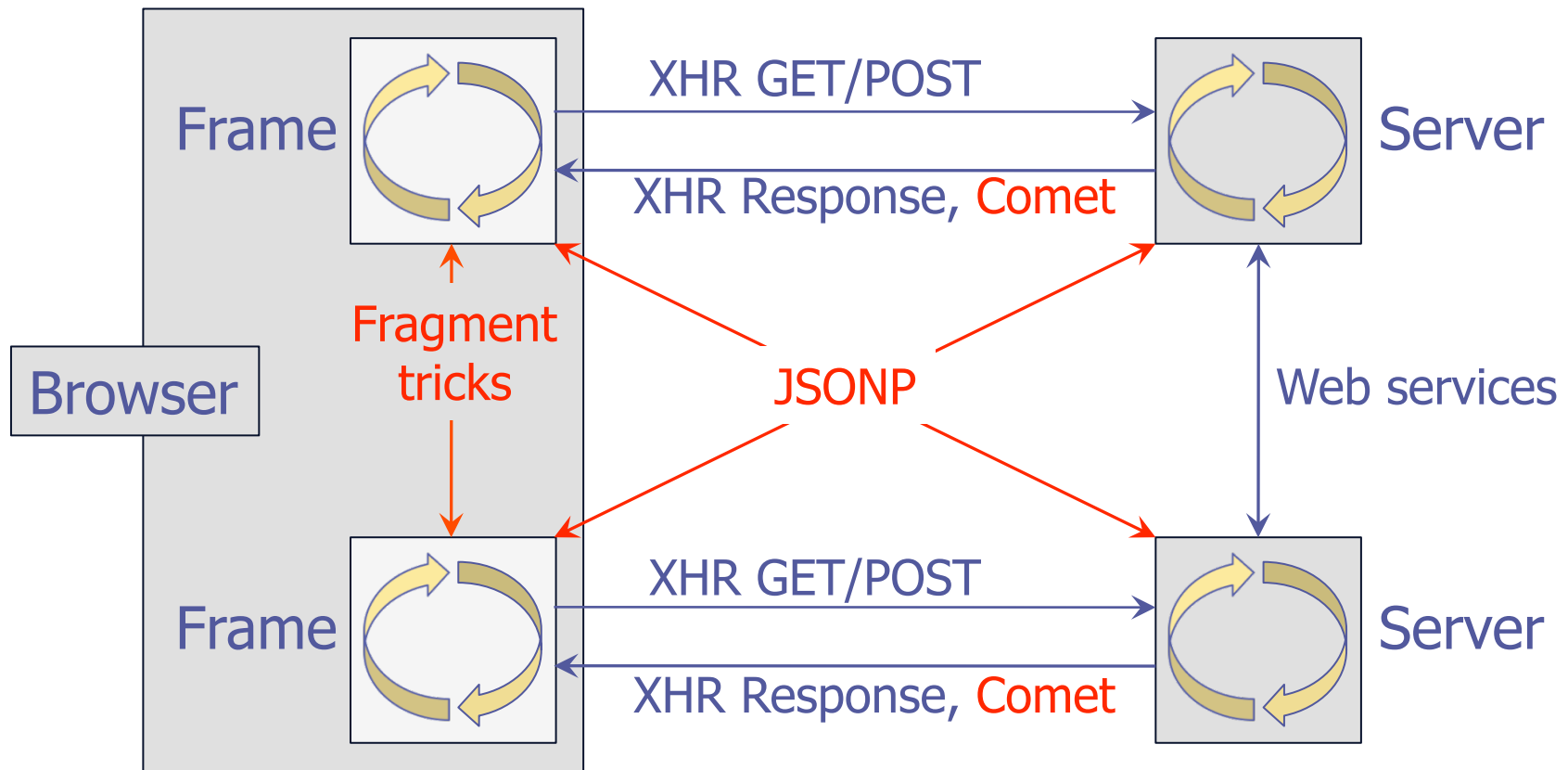
---





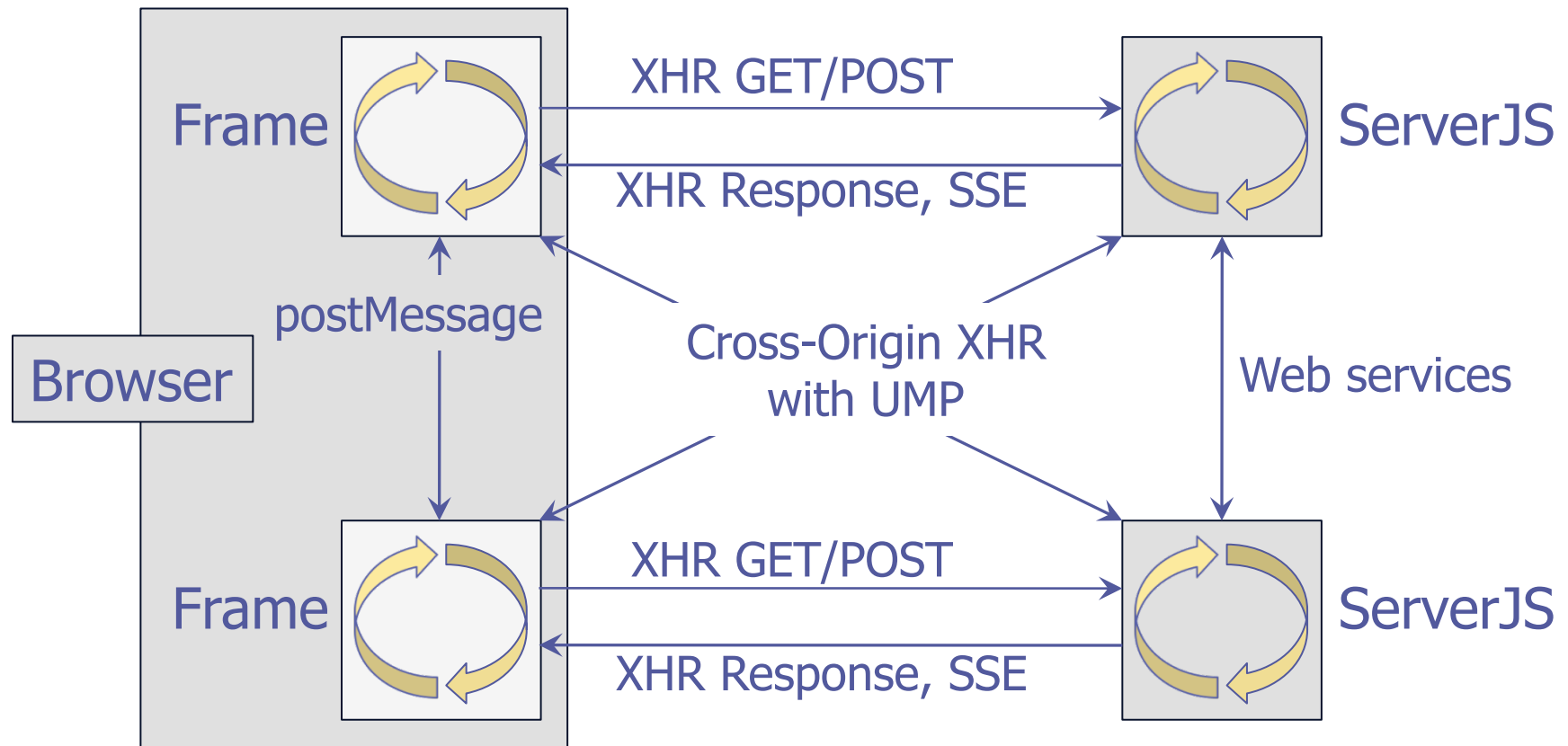
# Kludging Towards Distributed Objects

---



# A Web of Distributed Objects

---



# “def” is for defining defeneded objects

---

```
var defened = WeakMap();
function def(root) {
  var defening = WeakMap(), defeningList = [];
  function recur(val) {
    if (val !== Object(val) || defened.get(val) || defening.get(val)) { return; }
    defening.set(val, true); defeningList.push(val);
    Object.freeze(val);
    recur(Object.getPrototypeOf(val));
    Object.getOwnPropertyNames(val).forEach(function(p) {
      var desc = Object.getOwnPropertyDescriptor(val, p);
      recur(desc.value); recur(desc.get); recur(desc.set);
    });
  }
  recur(root);
  defeningList.forEach(function(obj) {
    defened.set(obj, true);
  });
  return root;
}
```

# “Nat” validates its arg is a UInt32

---

```
function Nat(arg) {  
  if (arg === arg >>> 0) { return arg; }  
  throw new TypeError('Not a UInt32: ' + arg);  
}
```

# “makeCaretaker” for defended targets

---

```
function makeCaretaker(target) {  
  var wrapper = (typeof target !== 'function') ? {} : function(var_args) {  
    return target.apply(this, arguments);  
  };  
  Object.getOwnPropertyNames(target).forEach(function(p) {  
    var desc = Object.getOwnPropertyDescriptor(target, p);  
    Object.defineProperty(wrapper, p, desc);  
  });  
  return def({  
    wrapper: wrapper,  
    revoke: function() { target = null; }  
  });  
}
```

# “makeMembrane” for defended targets

---

```
function makeMembrane(target) {
  var enabled = true;
  function wrap(wrapped) {
    if (wrapped !== Object(wrapped)) { return wrapped; }
    var wrapper = (typeof wrapped !== 'function') ? {} : function(var_args) {
      return wrap(wrapped.apply(wrap(this), Array.slice(arguments, 0).map(wrap)));
    };
    Object.getOwnPropertyNames(wrapped).forEach(function(p) {
      var desc = Object.getOwnPropertyDescriptor(wrapped, p);
      Object.defineProperty(wrapper, p, desc);
    });
    return wrapper;
  }
  return def({
    wrapper: wrap(target),
    revoke: function() { enabled = false; }
  });
}
```

# Future objects on old browsers in ES5/3

---

Reserve the \*\_\_\_ namespace.

$a[i] \rightarrow a.v\_ (i)$

$a[+i] \rightarrow a[+i]$  // implicitly whitelist numbers

Encoding attributes in hidden properties

$a.x \rightarrow a.x\_v\_ ? a.x : a.v\_ ('x')$

Whitelist and fastpath

$a.x = 88 \rightarrow a.x\_w\_ === a ? a.x = 88 : a.w\_ ('x', 88)$

Enables catchall proxies

Override generic operation to trap to handle