

# Guiding Your Personal Life: Plan-driven or Agile?



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# **The Industrial Age**

**A surge in economic growth—occurred first in England around 1800**

**Giant career move from the farm to long hours as a factory worker**

**There were many elements that played an important role in this upheaval.**



# **Clocks!**

**During medieval times, schedules were lax,  
holidays many, disorganization pervasive.**

**And no accurate timepieces.**

**Galileo, 1583, discovered the uniformity of  
pendulum motion**

**But it took over 100 years for practical  
application and widespread use.**



## **Beer for Breakfast**

**Heat beer in a saucepan.**

**In a separate small pot beat a couple of eggs.**

**Add a chunk of butter to the hot beer. Stir in some cool beer, then pour over the eggs.**

**Add a bit of salt, and mix all ingredients, whisking well to keep it from curdling.**

**Bon appétit 😊!**

**Europeans averaged ~3 l beer/person/day**



## **Caffeine for Breakfast**

**Boil water to make a cup of coffee or tea.**

**Decreased incidence of disease in crowded cities.**

**Coffee and tea, clocks, and the first factories  
appeared at the same time.**

**They facilitated the great transformation of  
human economic endeavor that started the  
Industrial Age.**



## **An Un-natural Way to Live**

**For most of human existence, sleep and wakefulness was determined by the sun and the seasons.**

**The inventions of the clock and the availability of caffeine changed lives.**

**We now had to adapt and cope with a work schedule set by a clock, not by daylight or the natural sleep cycle.**



## **Caffeine in the Body**

**Moves easily from stomach and intestines to the bloodstream, to the organs, and almost every cell of the body.**

**Crosses the blood-brain barrier, reaches its peak concentration in the brain in ~ 1 hr.**

**Blocks the effect of adenosine (one of the body's natural sleeping pills) and keeps us awake.**



## **The Downside**

**Yes, we take control from our hardwired circadian rhythm.**

**But we pay a heavy price for extra wakefulness.**

**Without adequate sleep, we are not at our best, physically, mentally, or emotionally.**

**We have come to believe that sleep is a waste of time and makes us overall less productive.**

**As a result, we are sleep deprived and our brains show visible signs of premature aging.**



# **Caffeine no Better than Breaks**

**Caffeine improves “vigilance tasks” - prolonged attention, little physical activity.**

**Effects most apparent after long effort.**

**When allowed to take breaks no significant benefit from caffeine.**

**Good night’s sleep improves performance, mood, alertness better than caffeine and benefits last longer.**

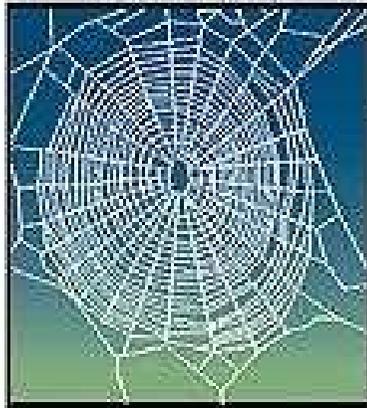


# **Introverts vs. Extroverts**

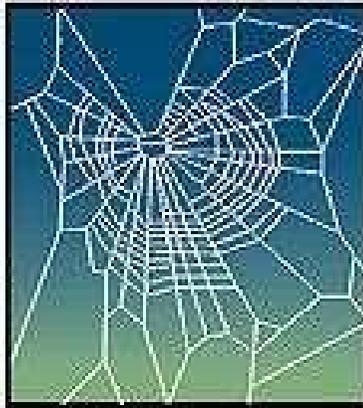
**For simple tasks, everyone tended to do better when given caffeine.**

**On complex tasks, extroverts' performance tended to improve, while introverts tended to get worse.**

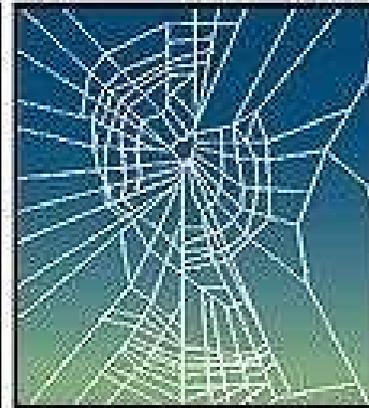
# Spiders on Drugs



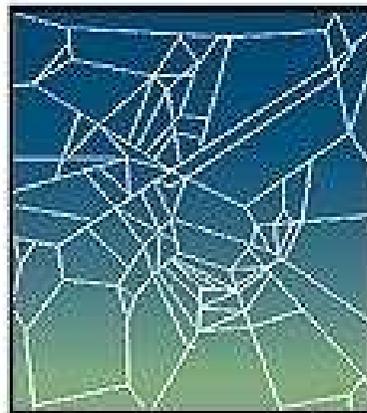
**Normal (no chemical)**



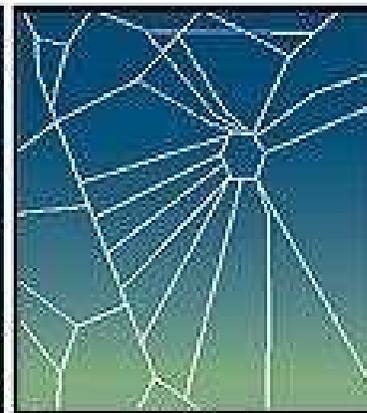
**Marijuana**



**Benzedrine**



**Caffeine**



**Chloral Hydrate**

**50% more caffeine**  
**[www.cult.dk](http://www.cult.dk)**





# **Sleep is needed for learning**

**Thomas Edison**

**Poincaré**



# **Memory consolidation - I**

**Two groups were taught a task.**

**One group then took a nap, the other group stayed awake. The “nap” group improved.**

**After a night’s sleep, both groups were at the same level.**



## **Memory consolidation - II**

**One group was taught a task.**

**During the 6-8 hrs after learning the first task, a second task was introduced.**

**The next morning the group had not improved in either task.**



## **Memory consolidation - III**

**Two groups were taught a task.**

**Both were taught a second task, but one group took a nap in the interim.**

**No improvement was noticed later in the day, but the next morning the “nap” group had improved at both tasks.**



## **We sleep in cycles**

**Sleep is divided into ~90-minute cycles**

**Some track those cycles and schedule their sleep time as a multiple of 90-minutes.**



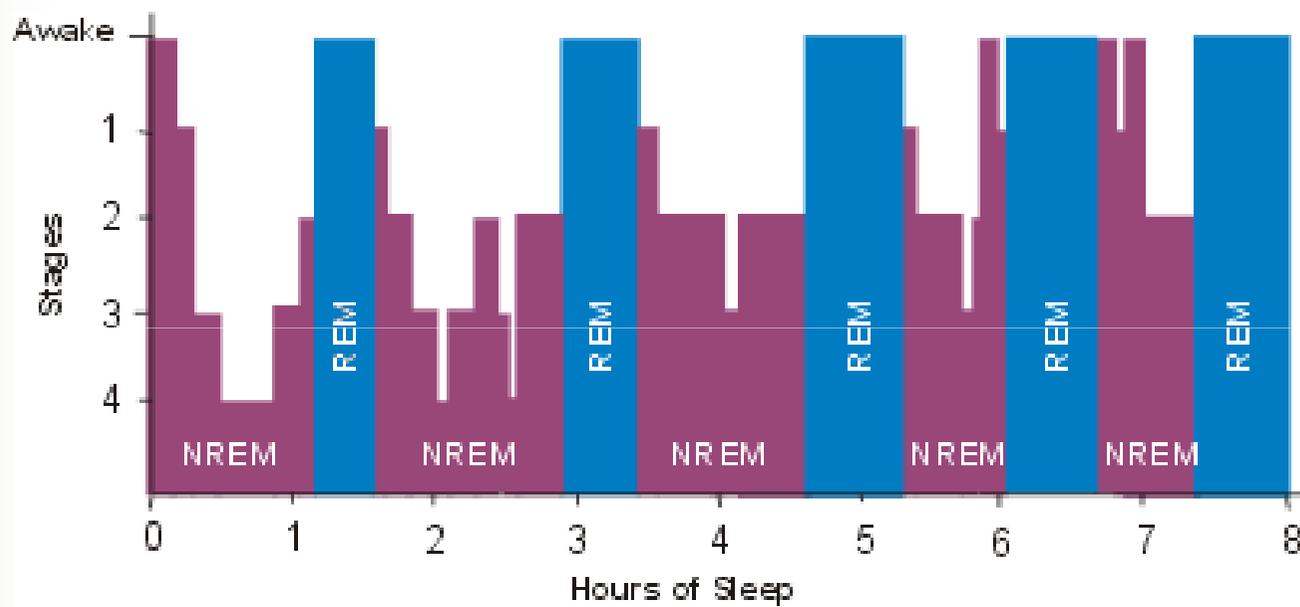
# Sleep phases

**Light sleep, non-rapid eye movements (NREM), lowered body temperature, muscle relaxation, slowed heart rate.**

**Completely asleep, NREM, further drop in body temperature and relaxation of the muscles. The immune system repairs damage.**

**Deeper sleep, NREM, metabolic levels are extremely low.**

**Delta or REM sleep, blood pressure rises, heart rate speeds up, respiration becomes erratic, brain activity increases, sleeper become paralyzed. Most restorative part of sleep. Most dreaming occurs.**



**Sequences of states and stages of sleep on a typical night**



## **Do we cycle in the daytime?**

**Humans are not designed to be linear, but rather to pulse—to move between expenditure of energy and renewal of energy.**

**When we establish that rhythm, we're most productive and most sustaining.**

**“Manage Your Energy, Not Your Time,” Tony Schwartz, *HBR*, October 2007**



**Promiscuous Pairing and Beginner's  
Mind: Embrace Inexperience  
Arlo Belshee**

**Proceedings Agile 2005 Conference,  
Denver, Colorado, July 2005**



**Experiments with pair durations:  
1 hr, 90 min, 2 hrs, half-day, 1 day,  
3 days**

**Optimum duration - 90 min - but longer  
pair durations had slightly higher mean  
velocities.**



# **Our Typical Behavior**

**If we are under pressure, we work longer and harder.**

**Is this the personal equivalent to Brooks' Law at the project level?**

**Athletes know the importance of a training schedule, never having two hard days in a row, allowing time for rest.**



## **Good for teams? Good for us?**

**Is it possible to apply an approach that works well for teams to our own lives?**

**We assume that what was good in the Industrial Age must be good for us now.**

**Perhaps we should be experimenting, learning, working toward the goal of living our lives in the best possible way.**



## **Find your own cycle**

**Focus without interruption for ~90 min**

**Take 15-20 min break—do something different!**

**Repeat until the end of the workday**

**Get at least 7 hrs sleep!!!!**

**J.B. Rainsberger, “Personal Planning,” *IEEE SW*,  
Jan/Feb 2007**



## **Maybe we don't need caffeine?**

**If we were in synch with our natural cycles of working in the daytime and sleeping at night, we wouldn't need to resort to command and control force-fitting our lives.**

**Maybe there is a better way?**



**Buddhists call this “beginner’s mind”  
a willingness to step back from prior knowledge  
and existing conventions**

**to start over and cultivate new options...**



## Extra info

- The Pomodoro Technique – [www.pomodoro-book.com](http://www.pomodoro-book.com)
- InfoQ.com – search on “Linda Rising” and look for “Born to Cycle...”
- Email for J.B. Rainsberger, Arlo Belshee, or HBR articles