

**Erlang Training and Consulting Ltd** 

# Styling your Architecture in an Evolving Concurrent World

JAOO Aarhus, October 5th, 2009

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Tim Bray, Director of Web Technologies - Sun Microsystems:

```
counter_loop(Count) ->
   receive
   increment ->
      counter_loop(Count + 1);
      {count, To} ->
        To ! {count, Count},
      counter_loop(Count)
      end.
```

# Erlang



After you've opened the top of your head, reached in and turned your brain inside out, this starts to look like a natural way to count integers. And Erlang does require some fairly serious mental readjustment.



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However having spent some time playing with this, I tell you...



If somebody came to me and wanted to pay me a lot of money to build a large scale message handling system that really had to be up all the time, could never afford to go down for years at the time, I would unhesitatingly choose Erlang to build it in.

Tim Bray, OSCON 2008



#### Program for the correct case - Patterns

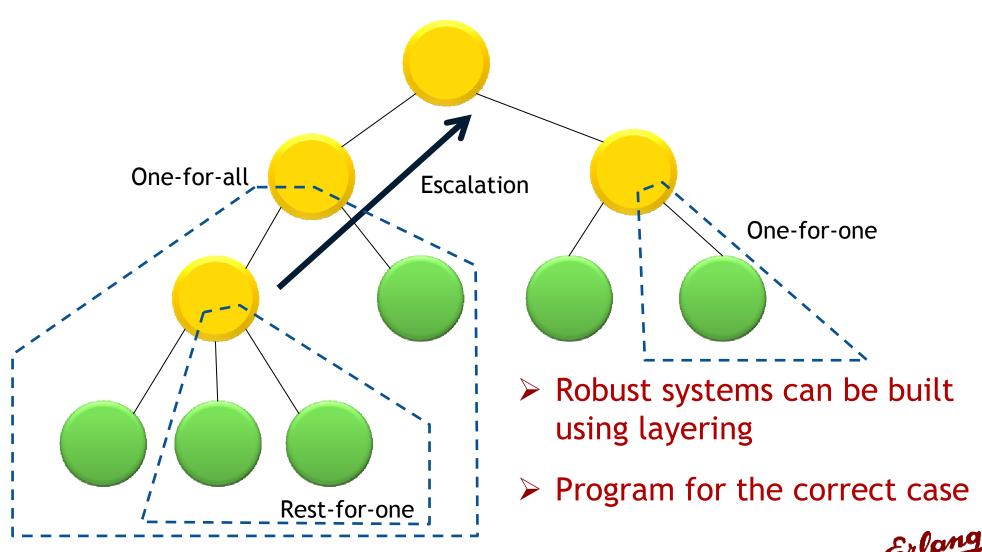
```
factorial(N) when is_integer(N), N > 0 ->
    N * factorial(N-1);
factorial(0) ->
    1.

area({square , Side}) -> Side * Side;
area({rectangle, B, H}) -> B * H;
area({triangle , B, H}) -> B * H / 2.
```

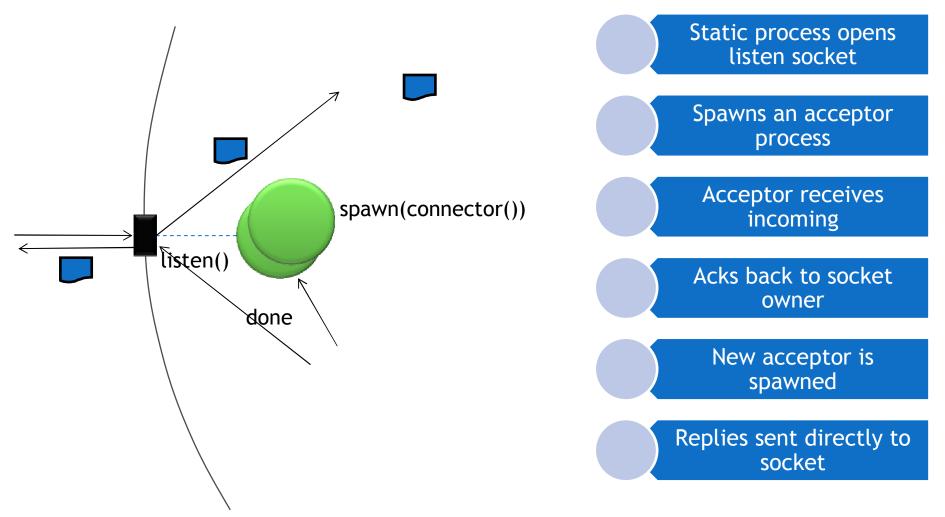
- > Describe the expected crash on erroneous input
- > Infrastructure handles recovery



#### Program for the correct case - Supervisors



# Handling sockets in Erlang





#### Middle-man Processes

```
spawn_link(PidA, PidB) ->
             spawn_link(fun() ->
                           loop(#state{a_pid= PidA,
                                       b pid = PidB})
                        end).
                 XML
                                          Int.
                                                      PidB
    PidA
                                  MM
loop(#state{a pid = PidA, b pid = PidB} = State) ->
    receive
       {PidA, MsgBin} when is binary(MsgBin) ->
           {simple_xml, _} = Msg = vccXml:simple_xml(MsgBin),
           PidB ! {self(), Msg},
           loop(State);
       {PidB, {simple xml, } = Msg} ->
           Bin = vccXml:to XML(Msg),
           PidA ! {self(), Bin},
           loop(State)
    end.
```

- Possible because of lightweight concurrency
- Normalizes messages
- Main process can patternmatch on messages
- Keeps the main logic clear



#### Erlang Bends Your Mind...

- Processes are cheap and plentiful!
- When you need a process just create one!
- Don't ration processes use exactly as many as you need
- No need for thread pools reusing processes is really a pain!
- Message-passing is cheap!
- Use processes to separate concerns
- Middle-man processes useful for transforming data
- Processes can monitor each other
- Enables out-of-band error handling
- Use Concurrency as a Modelling Paradigm!



## Language Model Affects our Thinking

Example: RFC 3588 - DIAMETER Base Protocol

state	 event	action	next state
• • •			
I-Open	Send-Message	I-Snd-Message	I-Open
	I-Rcv-Message	Process	I-Open / Transport FSM
	I-Rcv-DWR	Process-DWR,	I-Open
		I-Snd-DWA	
	I-Rcv-DWA	Process-DWA	I-Open
	R-Conn-CER	R-Reject	I-Open
•••	Stop	I-Snd-DPR	Closing Handshake FSMc

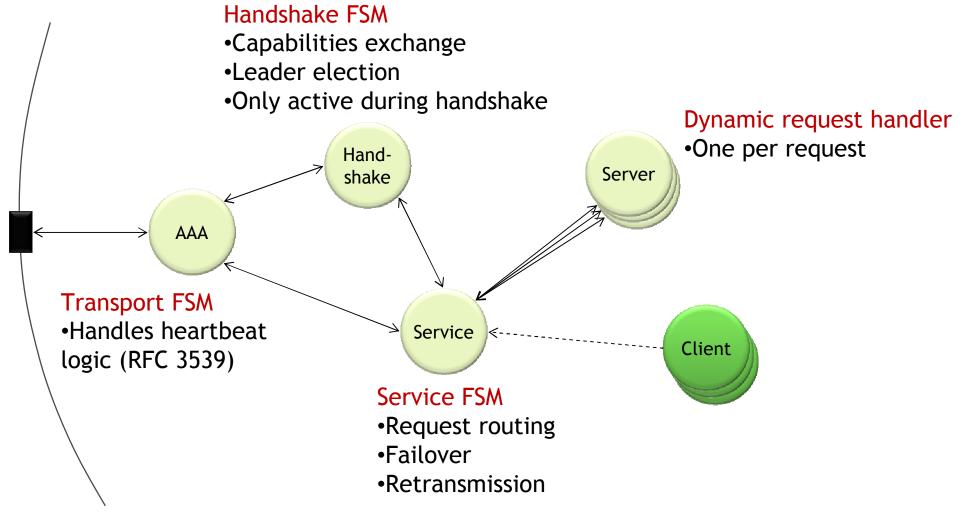
> Three state machines described as one

Service FSMc

- Implies a single-threaded event loop
- > Feels wrong to an Erlang programmer



# DIAMETER, Erlang-Style





#### What is the AXD301 Switch

A Telephony-Class, scalable (10 - 160 GBps) ATM switch

Designed from scratch in less than 3 years back in **1996** 

#### Erlang: ca 1.5 million lines of code

- Nearly all the complex control logic
- Operation & Maintenance
- Web server and runtime HTML/ JavaScript generation





#### **AXD301 Concurrency Modeling**

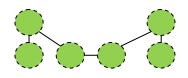
Model for the natural concurrency in your problem

In the old days, processes were a critical resource

 Rationing processes led to complex and unmanageable code

Nowadays, processes are very cheap: if you need a process - create one!

Example: AXD301 process model



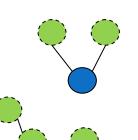
1<sup>st</sup> prototype: 6 processes/call



2 processes/call



1 process/all calls



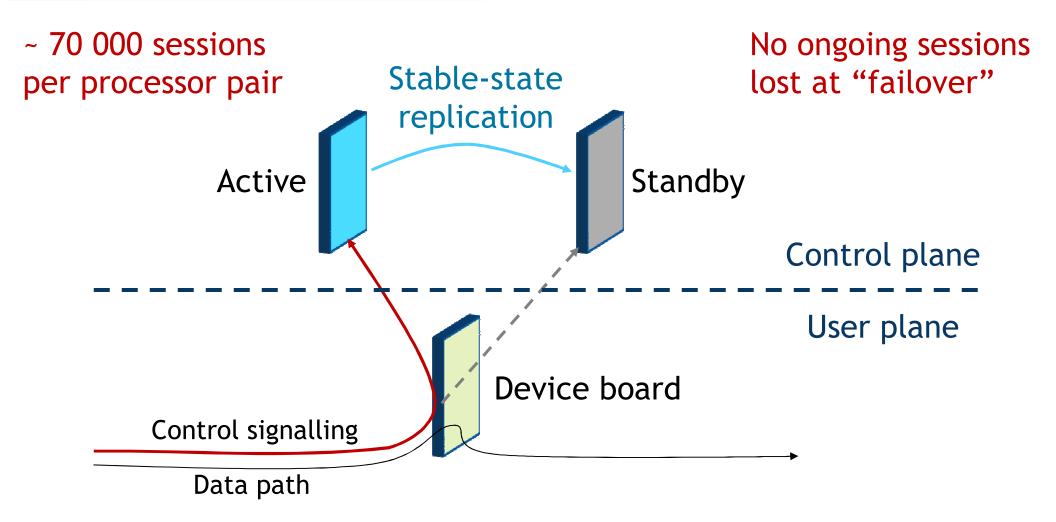
2 processes/call transaction



4-5 processes/call transaction



#### AXD301: 1+1 Redundancy - Good ol' Telecoms





#### Today: 2-Tier and 3-Tier architecture

Client Interface

RESTful APIS
XML Handling
JSON Encoding/Decoding
SMPP Handling
HTTP Servers
Socket Handling



**Server Connectivity** 

Remote Banking Systems

Mobile Operators

IM Providers

Email Servers

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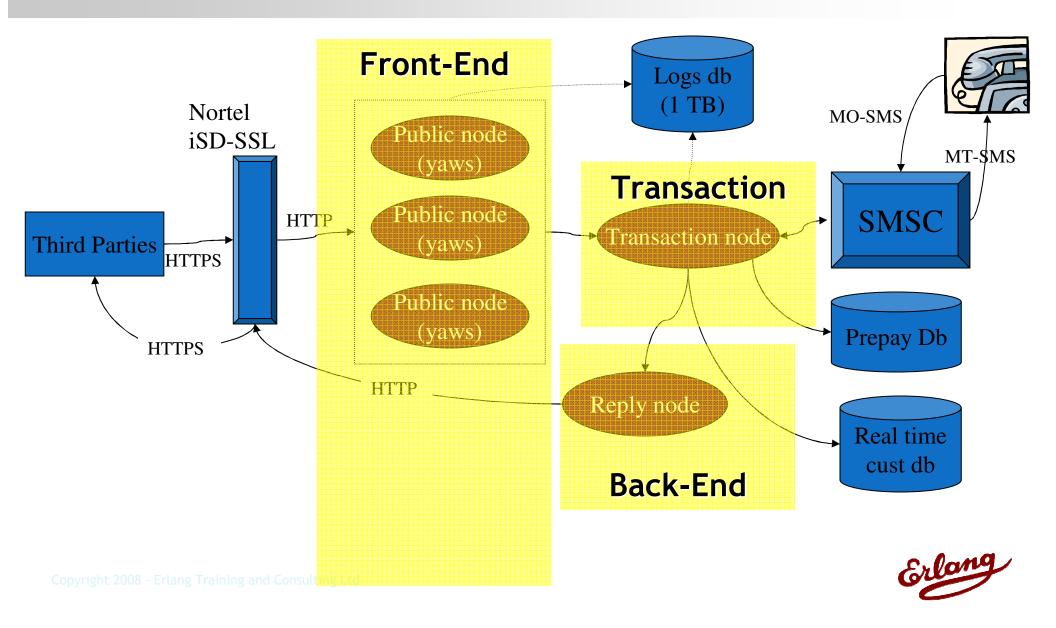
#### What is the Third Party Gateway?

- Third Party Bulk Mobile Terminating SMS
- > Spam, Free traffic updates, etc.
- Premium Mobile Terminating SMS
- Ring tones, stock quotes, chargeable SMSes, etc.
- Receive Mobile Originating SMS
- ➤ Short Codes, TV Votes, etc

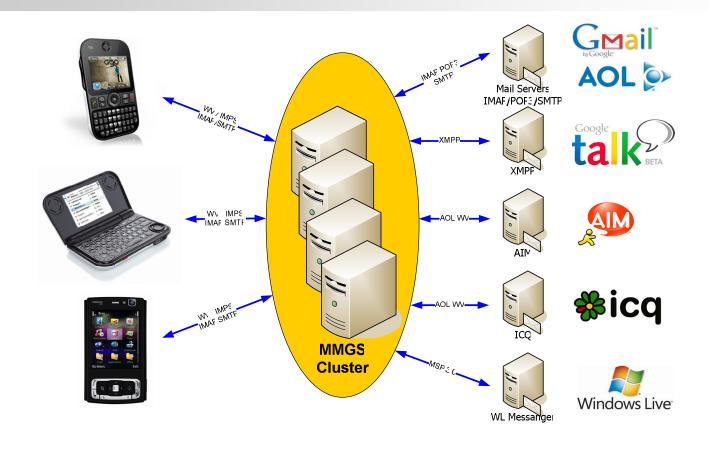




#### **TPG: No Shared Data**



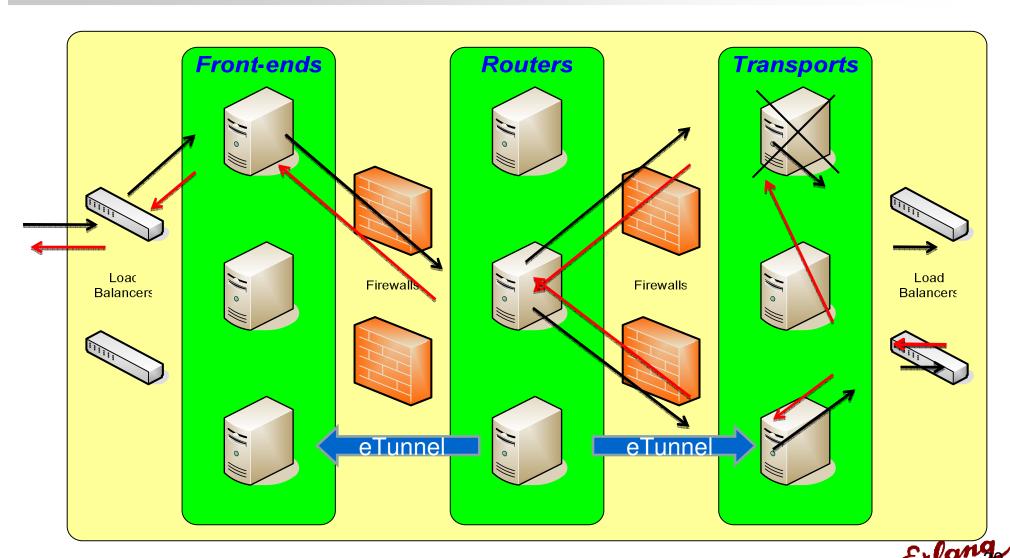
# What is the Mobile Messaging Gateway?



- ➤ Mobile Instant Messaging and Email Gateway
- Connecting to public and private communities



# MMGS: Fully Replicated Data

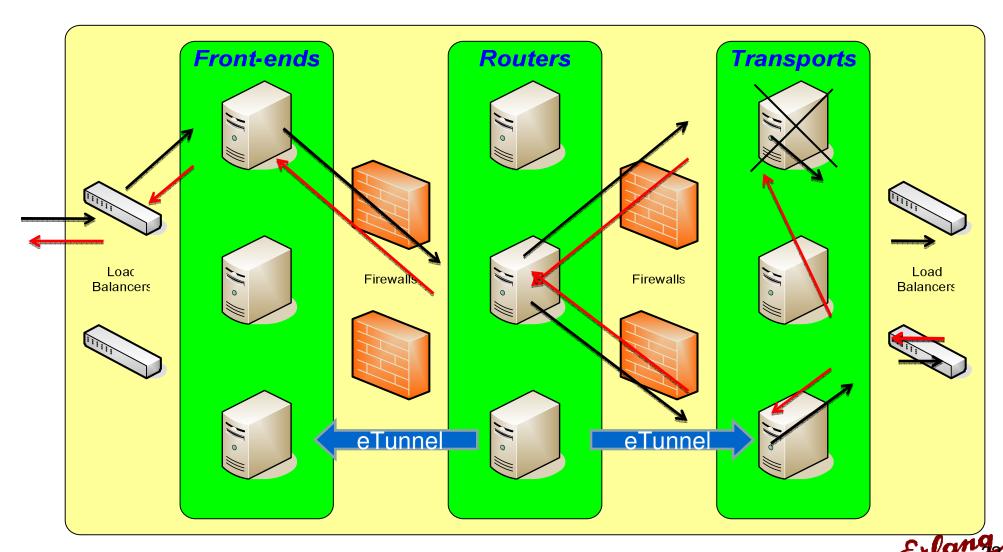


#### MMGS: Fully Replicated Data

- > 100,000 connected users, 3,000 IM Transactions Per Second
- > 1 Transaction consisted of
- ➤ 3 HTTP Requests
- > 2 DB entries distributed across the cluster
- > 3 destructive DB operations using Mnesia
  - (Replicated on 3 nodes = 9 destructive Operations)
- > 10 audit log entries written to file
- Overloaded before reaching 100% CUP
- > I/O Starvation
- > TCP/IP congestion
- Mnesia Replicated Database



#### **MMGS: Minimal Shared Data**



#### **MMGS: Minimal Shared Data**

- ➤ 150,000 connected users, 12,600 Transactions Per Second
- ➤ Sustained loads of 45,000,000 messages per hour
- > 24 hour periods
- **≻**60% CPU utilization

	Total Shared Data	Minimal Shared Data
Connected Users	150,000	150,000
Throughput	3,000	12,600



#### **MMGS: No Shared Data**

- > 50,000 connected users
- > 4,200 Transactions/Second
- > On a cluster 1/3 the size.
- ➤ Linearly Scalable
- Login throttle on fail-over and take-over

	Total Shared Data	Minimal Shared Data	No Shared Data
Connected Users	150,000	150,000	150,000
Throughput	3,000	12,600	12,600

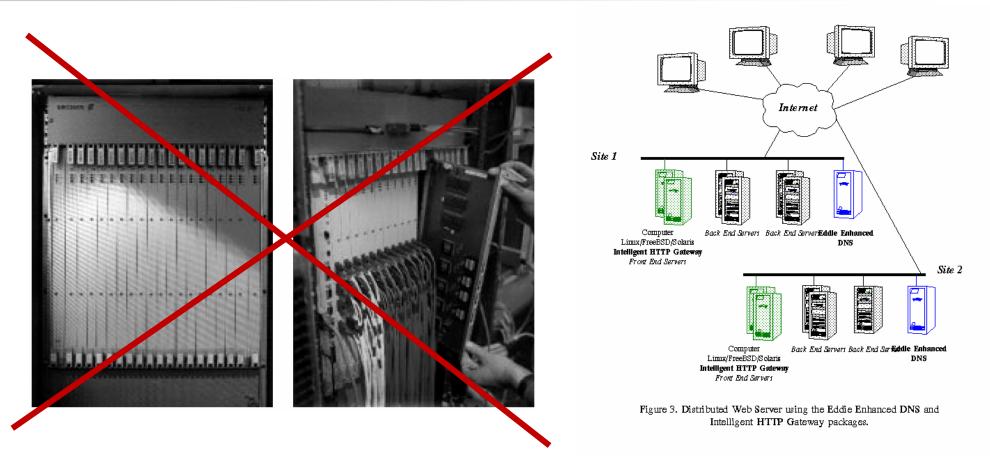


#### The Cloud, to us old-timers

- Software as a Service
  - Access program and data from anywhere, using any device
- Hardware as a Service
  - Access computing resources as-needed, without owning a data centre
- Virtualization
- "Resolving the tensions between the end-user and the data centre"
  - Power vs. Accessibility
  - Powerful clients vs. Ease of deployment
  - (Google VP Vic Gundotra @ Google I/O Keynote 2008)



# The Cloud, to us old-timers



Eddie - An Ericsson-sponsored Open Source web server cluster framework 1999



## The Cloud infrastructure is Erlang...

#### Communication In The Cloud

#### Data duplication in the Could

- > RabbitMQ
- EjabberD
- Disco Project
- > Nanite
- Proprietary TCP/IP Middleware
- Distributed Erlang

- > Mnesia
- > CouchDB
- Dynomite
- ➤ Simple DB
- Scalaris
- > Riak



# The Cloud infrastructure is Erlang...

From Computer Desktop Encyclopedia

3 1998 The Computer Language Co. Inc.



#### More Information





# Thank You!

